MicroVAX 3100 Model 85/95/96

Troubleshooting and Diagnostic Information

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This manual describes the troubleshooting procedures and diagnostic commands that you can use to solve basic problems with the MicroVAX 3100 Model 85, Model 95, and Model 96 systems.

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Preface

This manual describes the troubleshooting procedures and diagnostic commands that you can use to solve basic problems with the MicroVAXTM 3100 Model 85, Model 95, and Model 96 systems.

Audience

This manual is intended for people who have some experience with computers.

Structure of This Manual

This manual presents the information you need for solving basic problems with the MicroVAX 3100 Model 85/95/96 system in one chapter. Use the sections in the order presented, starting with Section 1.1, Troubleshooting, when solving a problem with your system. You can follow up with diagnostic testing or by contacting Digital services for support as described in Section 1.3 and Section 1.4.

Additional Information

See the *MicroVAX 3100 Model 85/95/96 Operator Information* manual for the list of related documents.

Conventions

The following conventions are used in this manual:

Convention	Description
MONOSPACE type	Text displayed on the screen is shown in monospace type.
italic type	Italic type emphasizes important information and indicates the complete titles of manuals.
Note	A note contains information that is of special importance to the user.
Warning	A warning contains information to prevent personal injury.

Troubleshooting and Diagnosing Problems

This chapter describes the troubleshooting procedures and diagnostic commands that you can use to solve basic problems with the MicroVAX 3100 Model 85, Model 95, and Model 96 systems. It contains information on the following:

- Troubleshooting
- Diagnostic tests and commands
- Contacting Digital[™] services

It also lists the information that you must give to your Digital services representative and where to find this information.

1.1 Troubleshooting

If a problem occurs, you must first make sure that all the cables, loopback connectors, and terminators are correctly connected and that the connectors are not damaged, for example, the pins may be broken or short-circuited.

Follow these steps:

- 1. Shut down the operating system by following the procedures described in the operating system documentation.
- 2. Turn off the console terminal and all the peripheral devices, such as printers and modems.
- 3. Turn off all the expansion boxes.
- 4. Turn off the system unit.
- 5. Check that the following cables, if installed, are correctly connected at both ends and that the connectors are not damaged:
 - Console terminal cable (linking the console terminal to the system unit)
 - Console terminal power cord

- System unit power cord
- Expansion box SCSI cables
- Expansion box power cords
- ThinWire[™] Ethernet cable or standard Ethernet cable
- 6. Check that the following terminators, if installed, are correctly connected and are not damaged:
 - SCSI terminators
 - ThinWire Ethernet terminator (T-connector and two terminators)
 - Standard Ethernet loopback connector

If you have correctly followed steps 1 to 5, the on/off switches on all the components are set to the off (O) position, and you have solved any problems caused by incorrectly connected cables or terminators.

- 7. Set the on/off switches on the following equipment to the on (|) position in the following order:
 - a. Expansion boxes
 - b. Peripherals
 - c. Console terminal
 - d. System unit

The system responds with the power-up test display. If it does not, see Section 1.2.

1.2 Using the Troubleshooting Table

Table 1–1 suggests the corrective actions for certain system problems. If you have a problem with the system, follow these steps:

- 1. Write down the symptoms of the problem.
- 2. Check the Symptom column in Table 1–1 for a match.
- 3. Check the causes of the symptom in the Possible Cause column. If the column lists more than one possible cause, check the possible causes and their suggested solutions in the order listed.
- 4. Follow the advice in the Suggested Solution column.
- 5. See Section 1.4 if the problem persists.

Symptom	Possible Cause	Suggested Solution
System Problems		
The system unit fan is off or the power light is off.	The power cord is not connected. The power cord may be faulty. The power socket may not be working. The system breaker or wall outlet may have blown.	Make sure that all the power cords are connected correctly at both ends. Try a known good power cord or test the power socket with an appliance that works.
	The overload protection circuitry of the power supply may have shut down because of an abnormal condition on the power line.	Turn the system off and then turn it back on.
	The power supply unit (PSU) is faulty.	Contact your Digital services representative.
The power-up display does not show after 20 seconds.	The terminal cable is not correctly connected.	Make sure that all the cables are connected at both ends.
	The terminal cable is not connected to the correct MMJ port.	Check the MMJ port to which the terminal cable is connected. If this port is not MMJ port 3, remove the terminal cable and connect it to MMJ port 3.
	The power cord is not connected. The power cord may be faulty. The wall outlet may not be working.	Make sure that all the power cords are connected correctly at both ends. Try a known good power cord or test the power socket with an appliance that works.
	The terminal fuse may have blown.	Replace the blown terminal fuse. See the terminal documentation.
	The terminal settings may be incorrect.	See the <i>MicroVAX 3100 Model</i> <i>85/95/96 Operator Information</i> manual for the list of correct terminal settings. See the terminal documentation for information on how to set up the terminal.
		(continued on next page)

Table 1–1 Basic Troubleshooting

Symptom	Possible Cause	Suggested Solution
System Problems		
	The port to which the terminal connects may be faulty.	Try connecting the terminal to another system. If this solution works, the port to which the terminal was connected is faulty. If the terminal still does not operate, it is faulty. In either case, contact your Digital services representative.
	The terminal cable may be faulty.	Connect the terminal cable and the terminal to another system. If the connected terminal works, the DZ circuitry or MMJ connector is faulty. Otherwise, the cable is faulty. Contact your Digital services representative.
The power-up display contains question marks.	A diagnostic error has occurred.	See Section 1.4.
The power-up test display contains unexpected characters.	The terminal settings are incorrect or the DZ circuitry is faulty.	Make sure the terminal settings are correct, then run the power- up test again. If the terminal is set correctly, contact your Digital services representative.
The system fails to boot the operating system.	The system defaults are incorrectly set.	Set the system defaults as described in the OpenVMS Factory Installed Software User Information document, then try to boot the system again. If the system still fails to boot, contact your Digital services representative.
		(continued on next page)

Table 1–1 (Cont.) Basic Troubleshooting

Symptom	Possible Cause	Suggested Solution	
RRD43 Compact Disc Drive Problems			
The drive does not accept the disc.	The disc is upside-down in the tray or it is not placed correctly in the tray.	Remove the disc from the tray and reinsert it properly.	
	A disc is already present.	Remove the disc and replace it with a new one.	
The eject button fails to release the disc tray.	The eject button is disabled by software.	Reenable the eject button or manually release the disc tray.	
	The system does not have power.	Set the system unit on/off switch to the on ($ $) position and press the eject button again.	
	The RRD43 compact disc drive is faulty.	If you want to release the disc tray manually, see <i>MicroVAX</i> <i>3100 Model 85/95/96 Operator</i> <i>Information</i> for instructions. If the problem persists, contact your Digital services representative.	
		(continued on next page)	

Table 1–1 (Cont.) Basic Troubleshooting

Symptom	Possible Cause	Suggested Solution
TZ30 Tape Drive Problems	5	
The TZ30 green LED flashes rapidly.	The drive mechanism is faulty or the tape cartridge is damaged.	Press and release the unload button to clear the fault. If the LED continues to flash, do not try to remove the tape cartridge or use the tape drive. Contact your Digital services representative.
The TZ30 does not operate.	The drive does not contain a tape cartridge.	Insert the tape cartridge and slide the lever from the UNLOCK to the LOCK position.
The operate lever does not slide.	The tape cartridge is in use.	Wait for the green LED to turn on and try again. If the problem persists, do not use the drive. Contact your Digital services representative.
The operate lever does not lock.	The tape cartridge is not inserted correctly.	Reinsert the tape cartridge. If the problem persists, contact your Digital services representative.
The tape does not load.		Press and release the unload button. Wait for the green LED to turn on before sliding the lever and removing the tape. If the LED flashes, contact your Digital services representative.
The system cannot write to the tape.	The write-protect switch is in the write-protect position.	If the write-protect LED is on, remove the tape, reset the switch and try writing to the tape again. If the problem persists, contact your Digital services representative.
The data read from the tape cartridge is corrupted.	The tape drive head may be dirty.	See the <i>MicroVAX 3100 Model</i> <i>85/95/96 Operator Information</i> manual for information on how to clean the drive head.
The tape does not eject.	The tape is not rewound. The operate lever is in the lock position.	Follow the procedure for removing a tape from the TZ30 described in the <i>MicroVAX 3100 Model 85/95</i> /96 Operator Information manual.

Table 1–1 (Cont.) Basic Troubleshooting

(continued on next page)

Symptom	Possible Cause	Suggested Solution		
TLZ06 and TLZ07 Cassette Tape Drive Problems				
The system cannot write to the cassette tape.	The write-protect switch is in the write-protect position.	If the write-protect LED is on, remove the tape, reset the switch and try writing to the tape again. If the problem persists, contact your Digital services representative.		
	The cassette tape is not loaded.	Load the cassette tape.		
The write-protect LED flashes.	The tape drive heads are dirty or the tape is worn.	Clean the drive heads (see the <i>MicroVAX 3100 Model 85/95/96 Operator Information</i> manual). If the problem persists, use a new tape.		
The data read from the cassette tape is corrupted.	The tape drive heads may be dirty.	See the <i>MicroVAX 3100 Model</i> <i>85/95/96 Operator Information</i> manual for information on how to clean the drive heads.		

Table 1–1 (Cont.) Basic Troubleshooting

TZK10/TZK11 Quarter Inch Cartridge (QIC) Tape Drive Problems

The data read from the QIC tape is corrupted.	The drive head is dirty.	Clean the drive head. See the MicroVAX 3100 Model 85/95/96 Operator Information manual.
The system cannot write to the QIC tape.	The write-protect switch is in the write-protect position.	Remove the QIC tape, reset the switch and try to write to the QIC tape again. If the problem persists, contact your Digital services representative.
The system cannot read from or write to the QIC tape.	The QIC tape may be faulty.	Remove the QIC tape. If the amber LED turns off when you remove the QIC tape, the tape is probably faulty. Try a different QIC tape. If the amber LED stays on or if the problem persists, contact your Digital services representative.

(continued on next page)

Symptom	Possible Cause	Suggested Solution
RX™26 Diskette Drive Pro	oblems	
The system cannot read from or write to the diskette.	The diskette is not formatted.	Format the diskette.
	The diskette is not correctly inserted.	Eject the diskette. Try to insert the diskette again.
	The diskette is faulty.	Try a different diskette.
	The diskette drive is faulty.	Contact your Digital services representative.
	The diskette density is incorrect.	The RX26 accepts only high- density (HD) or extra-density (ED) diskettes.
	The diskette drive head may be dirty.	See the <i>MicroVAX 3100 Model</i> <i>85/95/96 Operator Information</i> manual for information on how to clean the diskette drive head.
The system can read from but cannot write to a diskette.	The write-protect switch is in the write-protect position.	Eject the diskette and reset the switch. Try writing to the diskette again.
The diskette does not eject.	The diskette is incorrectly positioned in the drive.	Gently press the diskette with your finger and reposition it. Press the eject button again.
RZ-Series SCSI Disk Driv	e Problems	
An installed drive does not work.	Two SCSI identifiers are set to the same number.	Reset each SCSI ID to a unique number.
	Drive cables are not properly connected.	Check the cable connections.
The Configuration display does not show a SCSI device.	SCSI device is not properly terminated.	Check for a SCSI 50-pin terminator.

Two SCSI identifiers are set to the same number.

Reset each SCSI ID to a unique number.

Table 1–1 (Cont.) Basic Troubleshooting

1.3 Diagnostic Tests and Commands

There are a number of diagnostic tests and commands that can help you to isolate a problem with the system unit. These tests and commands are as follows:

- Power-up tests
- Diagnostic tests and utilities¹
- Configuration display¹
- Error display¹

1

The following sections describe these tests and commands.

You can use these tests and commands in privileged console mode only if the console security feature is enabled and the password is set. See the *MicroVAX 3100 Model 85/95/96 Customer Technical Information* manual for information on the console security feature.

1.3.1 Power-Up Tests

The system runs the power-up tests each time you turn on the system. After successful completion of tests, the system will either enter console mode or proceed to automatic bootstrap, depending on the HALT action selected by the user. If HALT action is Default, Halt, or Restart, then the system enters console mode. If HALT action is Reboot or Restart_reboot, then the system proceeds to boot. The following example shows a typical display for a system that passes all tests and then enters console mode.

- Central Processing Unit (CPU) Name, Firmware Version Number, and Virtual Memory Boot (VMB) Version Number
- **2** Read-Only Memory (ROM) Based Diagnostics Countdown
- **③** Status Message
- Onsole Prompt

The following example shows a typical display for a system that passes all tests and then enters automatic bootstrap.

KA55-A or KA51-A or KA56-A V2.6, VMB 2.15
Performing normal system tests.
74..73..72..71..70..69..68..67..66..65..64..63..62..61..60..59..
58..57..56..55..54..53..52..51..50..49..48..47..46..45..44..43..
42..41..40..39..38..37..36..35..34..33..32..31..30..29..28..27..
26..25..24..23..22..21..20..19..18..17..16..15..14..13..12..11..
10..09..08..07..06..05..04..03..
Tests completed.
Loading system software.
(BOOT/R5:0 EZA0)
2..
-EZA0
1..0..

_____ Note _____

The operating system messages start here, that is VMS . . .

If the power-up tests encounter an error, one of the following actions occurs:

For minor errors:

- If HALT action is set to a boot condition (that is reboot or restart_reboot), and if a minor error occurs, the system displays an abbreviated error message and continues to boot as normal.
- If HALT action is set to Default, Halt or Restart, then the system enters console mode.
- The only errors defined as minor are errors in memory that cause pages to be marked bad in the memory bitmap. There must be enough good memory left to allow an attempt to bootstrap.

For severe errors:

• The system always enters console mode regardless of HALT action after it attempts to complete all tests possible.

The following example shows a system with a memory error that only affected one set of memory out of two sets. Because some memory is still usable, the system proceeds to automatic bootstrap if the HALT action is set to a boot condition.

KA55-A or KA51-A or KA56-A V2.6, VMB 2.15 Performing normal system tests. 74..73..72..71..70..69..68..67..66..65..64..63..62..61..60..59.. 58..57..56..55..54..53..52..51..50..49..48..47..46..45..44..43.. 42..41..40..39..38..37..36..35..34..33..32.. ? Test_Subtest_40_06 Loop_Subtest=00 Err_Type=FF DE Memory count pages.lis 31..30..29..28..27..26..25..24..23..22..21..20..19..18..17..16.. 15..14..13..12..11..10..09..08..07..06..05..04..03.. 16 MB RAM, SIMM Set (0A,0B,0C,0D) present Memory Set 0: 04000000 to 04FFFFFF, 16MB, 0 good pages, 32768 bad pages 64 MB RAM, SIMM Set (1E,1F,1G,1H) present Memory Set 1: 00000000 to 03FFFFFF, 64MB, 131072 good pages, 0 bad pages Total of 80MB, 131072 good pages, 32768 bad pages, 136 reserved pages Tests completed. Loading system software. (BOOT/R5:0 EZA0) 2.. -EZAO 1..0.. 0 ? Test Subtest 40 06 Loop Subtest=00 Err Type=FF DE Memory count pages.lis 2 16 MB RAM, SIMM Set (0A,0B,0C,0D) present Memory Set 0: 04000000 to 04FFFFFF, 16MB, 0 good pages, 32768 bad pages 64 MB RAM, SIMM Set (1E,1F,1G,1H) present Memory Set 1: 00000000 to 03FFFFFF, 64MB, 131072 good pages, 0 bad pages Total of 80MB, 131072 good pages, 32768 bad pages, 136 reserved pages **1** Operating system messages start here; that is VMS . . .

2 Abbreviated error message for memory error

Memory errors normally cause the results of a SHOW MEMORY display to occur after the tests are completed and before continuing. SHOW MEMORY is the most useful command to determine which memory SIMMs are bad when memory errors occur.

1.3.2 Diagnostic Tests and Utilities

The diagnostic tests and utilities are similar to the power-up tests except that the power-up tests enable you to test all the devices in the system, whereas the diagnostic tests and utilities enable you to test single devices and the functions of single devices.

Figure 1–1 shows a list of diagnostic tests obtained by entering the following command:

>>> T 9E

Figure 1–1 Diagnostic Tests

Test #	t Address	Name	Parameters		
	20052200	SCB			
	20055850	De executive			
30	2006A53C	Memory Init Bitmap	*** mark Hard SBEs *****		
31	2006AB34	Memory Setup CSRs	*****		
32	2005D148	NMC_registers	******		
33	2005D324	NMC_powerup	**		
34	2005E6D8	SSC_ROM	* * *		
35	2005FB90	B_Cache_diag_mode	bypass_test_mask ********		
37	20061590	Cache_w_Memory	bypass_test_mask ********		
40	2006B5E0	Memory_count_pages	<pre>SIMM_set0 SIMM_set1 Soft_errs_allowed *****</pre>		
41	20068CEC	Board_Reset	*		
42	20061880	Chk_for_Interrupts	* * * * * * * *		
46	200610C4	P_Cache_diag_mode	bypass_test_mask ********		
47	2006AD04	Memory_Refresh	<pre>start_a end incr cont_on_err time_seconds *****</pre>		
48	2006B028	Memory_Addr_shorts	<pre>start_add end_add * cont_on_err pat2 pat3 ****</pre>		
4A	2006A23C	Memory_ECC_SBEs	start_add end_add add_incr cont_on_err ******		
4B	2006940C	Memory_Byte_Errors	<pre>start_add end_add add_incr cont_on_err *****</pre>		
4C	20069BA0	Memory_ECC_Logic	start_add end_add add_incr cont_on_err ******		
4D	20068FE8	Memory_Address	start_add end_add add_incr cont_on_err *****		
4E	20069188	Memory_Byte	start_add end_add add_incr cont_on_err ******		
4F	2006B7F4	Memory_Data	start_add end_add add_incr cont_on_err ******		
51	2005803C	FPA	*****		
52	20058530	SSC_Prog_timers	which_timer wait_time_us ***		
53	20058818	SSC_TOY_Clock	repeat_test_250ms_ea Tolerance ***		
54	20057018	Virtual_Mode	*****		
55	20058E6C	Interval_Timer			
56	2006507C	SHAC_LPBCK	From_bus lo_bus passes *******		
58	20065D24	SHAC_KESET	assi_bus port_number time_secs not_pres *		
59	20062//8	SGEC_LPBCK_ASSIST	time_secs ^*		

(continued on next page)

Figure 1–1 (Cont.) Diagnostic Tests

5C	20062D10	SHAC	SHAC_number *******
5F	200619B8	SGEC	loopback_type no_ram_tests *****
62	20058B1C	console QDSS	mark not present selftest r0 selftest r1 *****
63	20058CA4	QDSS_any	input_csr selftest_r0 selftest_r1 *****
80	2005D3C0	COBIC memory	bypass test mask ********
81	200596CC	Qbus_MSCP	IP_csr *****
82	200598AC	Qbus_DELQA	device_num_addr ****
83	2005A85C	QZA_Intlpbck1	controller_number *******
84	2005BF1C	QZA_Intlpbck2	controller_number ********
85	20059A9C	QZA_memory	incr test_pattern controller_number ******
86	20059F44	QZA_DMA	Controller_number main_mem_buf ********
90	20058494	CQBIC_registers	*
91	20058410	CQBIC_powerup	**
99	2005DC4C	Flush_Ena_Caches	dis_flush_VIC dis_flush_BC dis_flush_PC
9A	20063FB0	INTERACTION	<pre>pass_count disable_device ******</pre>
9B	20068E48	Init_memory	* *
9C	2006631C	List_CPU_registers	*
9D	2006C250	Utility	Flags *******
9E	2005903C	List_diagnostics	script_number *
9F	200681CC	Create_A0_Script	* * * * * * * *
C1	20057888	SSC_RAM_Data	*
C2	20057A78	SSC_RAM_Data_Addr	*
C5	200589E8	SSC_registers	*
D0	20060C70	V_Cache_diag_mode	bypass_test_mask ********
D2	2005DE90	O_Bit_diag_mode	bypass_test_mask ********
DA	2006139C	PB_Flush_Cache	* * * * * * * *
DB	2005E850	Speed	print_speed ********
DC	2006C060	NO_Memory_present	*
DD	2005F0DC	B_Cache_Data_debug	start_add end_add add_incr ******
DE	2005EC64	B_Cache_Tag_Debug	start_add end_add add_incr ******
DF	2005E2A8	O_BIT_DEBUG	start_add end_add add_incr seg_incr ******
E0	2006D4D4	SCSI	environment reset_bus time_s ******
E1	2006D7CC	SCSI_Utility	environment util_nbr target_ID lun ******
E2	2006DA2C	SCSI_MAP	bypass_test addr_incr_data_tst ********
E4	2006DFC8	DZ	environment *******
E8	2006E1DC	SYNC	environment *******
E9	2006E2B4	SYNC_Utility	environment *******
EC	2006E398	ASYNC	environment *******
F0	2006D638	SCSI_option	environment reset_bus time_s ******
F1	2006D900	SCSI_Opt_Utility	environment util_nbr target_ID lun *****
F2	2006DA40	SCSI_MAP_Option	bypass_test addr_incr_data_tst *******

Scripts # Description

(continued on next page)

Figure 1–1 (Cont.) Diagnostic Tests

A0 User defined scripts Al Powerup tests, Functional Verify, continue on error, numeric countdown A3 Functional Verify, stop on error, test # announcements A4 Loop on A3 Functional Verify A6 Memory tests, mark only multiple bit errors A7 Memory tests
A8 Memory acceptance tests, mark single and multi-bit errors, call A7 A9 Memory tests, stop on error B2 Extended tests plus BF, then loop B5 Extended tests, then loop BF DZ, SYNC, ASYNC with loopbacks Load & start system exerciser 100 Customer mode, 2 passes 101 CSSE mode, 2 passes 102 CSSE mode, continous until ^C 103 Manuf mode, continous until ^C 104 Manuf TINA mode, continous until ^C 105 Manuf mode, 2 passes 106 CSSE mode, select tests, continous until ^C 107 Manuf mode, select tests, continous until ^C

Note ____

Tests 101 through 107 are reserved for use by Digital services.

The tests and utilities shown in Table 1–2 are for option cards, which may or may not be present, depending upon the options you ordered.

Table	1–2	Option	Card	Tests
-------	-----	--------	------	-------

	-	
Test	Name	Usage
E8	SYNC	Synchronous COMM option card (DSW41/42)
E9	SYNC_Utility	Synchronous COMM option card (DSW41/42)
EC	ASYNC	Asynchronous option card (DHW41/42)
F0	SCSI_option	SCSI option card for 2nd SCSI bus B (KZDDA)
F1	SCSI_Opt_Utility	SCSI option card for 2nd SCSI bus B (KZDDA)
F2	SCSI_MAP_Option	SCSI option card for 2nd SCSI bus B (KZDDA)

Note

The following available tests (Table 1–3) are not used on the MicroVAX 3100 Model 85/95/96; they are used only on the MicroVAX 4000 Model 100A/105A, and are listed here to avoid confusion when you see them in the diagnostic test listing (Figure 1–1).

Table 1–3 MicroVAX 4000-100A/105A Tests

Name	Usage
SHAC_LPBCK	Not used on 3100, SHAC option only
SHAC_RESET	Not used on 3100, SHAC option only
SHAC	Not used on 3100, SHAC option only
console_QDSS	Not used on 3100, QBUS systems only
QDSS_any	Not used on 3100, QBUS systems only
Qbus_MSCP	Not used on 3100, QBUS systems only
Qbus_DELQA	Not used on 3100, QBUS systems only
QZA_Intlpbck1	Not used on 3100, QBUS systems only
QZA_Intlpbck2	Not used on 3100, QBUS systems only
QZA_memory	Not used on 3100, QBUS systems only
QZA_DMA	Not used on 3100, QBUS systems only
	Name SHAC_LPBCK SHAC_RESET SHAC console_QDSS QDSS_any Qbus_MSCP Qbus_DELQA QZA_Intlpbck1 QZA_Intlpbck2 QZA_memory QZA_DMA

To run the diagnostic tests, enter either TEST or T followed by the test number.

You can specify optional parameters for some tests, but you would not do so normally. If you decide to specify optional parameters, then the following conditions apply:

• Each test uses up to 10 parameters, no more than 7 may be inputted on a command line.

Most of these parameters are assigned values automatically by the system. These parameters are indicated by an asterisk (*) in the parameters column of Figure 1-1.

• If a parameter can be assigned a value, the name of the parameter is shown in the parameters column in Figure 1–1.

You can use test 9E with the test number as a parameter to show a list of legal parameters and valid values for the test number. For example, enter T 9E 30 to show a list of legal parameters and valid values for test number 30 (Memory_Init_Bitmap).

- There is a dependency between some tests.
- Failures can occur if dependencies between tests are not followed.
- Any parameter not entered is given a default value. Enter T 9E nn, where nn is test number to show defaults. During power-up testing or execution of any script of tests (A0 to BF), the values of parameters are determined by the script, not defaults.
- You may dump the contents of a script by entering T 9E nn, where nn is a script to dump. Scripts are always in range of A0 to BF (or 0 for the power-up script).

You must enter three zeros (0) as place holders for the three parameters that occur before the user-specified parameter, mark_hard_SBEs. The last value (1) is a parameter. You can then specify the mark_hard_SBEs parameter in the Memory_Init_Bitmap test as follows:

>>> T 30 0 0 1

The resulting messages differ, depending on the function of the test or utility. However, most failing tests cause the system to display error messages similar to the following:

>>> T 5F 1

```
? Test_Subtest_5F_18 Loop_Subtest=0E Err_Type=FF DE_SGEC.lis
Vec=010C Prev_Errs=0000 P1=00000001 P2=00000000 P3=827DFF03 P4=00000000
P5=00000000 P6=00000000 P7=00000000 P8=0000001 P9=00000000 P10=00000000
r0=0000054 r1=000082E2 r2=00000001 r3=000082FA r4=00008230 r5=00000040
r6=000082E2 r7=20008000 r8=00008000 r9=20140758 r10=13000001 r11=2014044B
EPC=2005721A dser=0000 cesr=0000000 icsr=01 pcsts=F800 pcct1=FC13
cct1=0000007 bcetsts=03A0 bcedsts=0400 cefsts=00019200 nests=00
mmcdsr=00C6C600 mesr=00006000
```

>>>

Write down the error messages before you contact your Digital services representative.

1.3.3 Power-Up Error Messages

The following are examples of some error messages at power-up.

Example 1–1 is a typical example of a failed test. In this case, test E8 failed testing a SYNC (COMM) option.

Example 1–1 SYNC Test Failure

KA55-A or KA51-A or KA56-A V2.6, VMB 2.15 Performing normal system tests. 74..73..72..71..70..69..68..67..66..65..64..63..62..61..60..59.. 58..57..56..55..54..53..52..51..50..49..48..47..46..45..44..43.. 42..41..40..39..38..37..36..35..34..33..32..31..30..29..28..27.. 26..25..24..23..22..21..20..19..18..17..16..15..14..13..12..11.. 10..09.. ? Test_Subtest_E8_03 Loop_Subtest=00 Err_Type=FF DE_SYNC.lis Vec=0000 Prev_Errs=0001 P1=09000001 P5=00000000 P6=00000000 P7=00000000 P2=00000000 P3=0000000 P4=0000000 P9=00000000 P10=00000000 P8=00000000 Stat=0112 FRU=20 LED=00 Ext_Stat 00090014 00EE001D 00020002 0000EFCE 00000000 20040000 7FDEDFFF 00000000 dser=0000 cesr=00000000 intmsk=00 icsr=01 pcsts=F800 pcctl=FC13 cctl=00000021 bcetsts=0000 bcedsts=0000 cefsts=00019220 nests=00 mmcdsr=01111000 mesr=00006000

08..07..06..05..04..03..

Normal operation not possible. >>>

Example 1–2 represents a case where an additional set of memory SIMMs was added and one of the four SIMMs for the set was not the same type of SIMM as the others. In this example SIMM 1H was either not installed or incorrectly installed.

Example 1–2 Memory_Setup_CSRs Test Failure

KA55-A or KA51-A or KA56-A V2.6, VMB 2.15 Performing normal system tests. 74..73..72..71..70..69..68..67..66..65..64..63..62..61..60..59.. ? Test_Subtest_31_05 Loop_Subtest=00 Err_Type=FF DE_Memory_Setup_CSRs.lis Vec=0000 Prev_Errs=0000 P1=00000000 P2=01000000 P3=0000001 P4=00010000 P5=2101801C P6=0000007 P7=80000003 P8=0000CF4A P9=00000001 P10=2006B8D8 r0=0000002 r1=21018000 r6=2006EB77 r7=21018048 r2=00000008 r3=81000000 r4=0000001 r5=01000000 r8=00000000 r9=20140758 r10=00000000 r11=FFFFFFF dser=0000 cesr=00000000 intmsk=00 icsr=01 pcsts=FA00 pcadr=FFFFFF8 pcctl=FC13 cctl=00000020 bcetsts=0360 bcedsts=0F00 cefsts=00019200 nests=00 mmcdsr=01FE6600 mesr=00000000 58..57..56..55..54..53..52..51..50..49..48..47..46..45..44..43.. 42..41..40..39..38..37..36..35..34..33..32..31..30..29..28..27.. 26..25..24..23..22..21..20..19..18..17..16..15..14..13..12..11.. 10..09..08..07..06..05..04..03.. 16 MB RAM, SIMM Set (0A,0B,0C,0D) present Memory Set 0: 00000000 to 00FFFFFF, 16MB, 32768 good pages, 0 bad pages 0 Error: SIMM Set 1 (1E,1F,1G,1H) $SIMM_1G = 64MB$ SIMM_1H = 00MB ?? $SIMM_{1E} = 64MB$ $SIMM_{1F} = 64MB$ Total of 16MB, 32768 good pages, 0 bad pages, 104 reserved pages Normal operation not possible.

1 Indicates no memory SIMM installed here or SIMM not correctly installed.

Example 1–3 represents a case where one SIMM of a set was bad. In this example, SIMM 1G was bad or incorrectly installed.

Example 1–3 Memory_Count_Pages Test Failure

KA55-A or KA51-A or KA56-A V2.6, VMB 2.15 Performing normal system tests. 74..73..72..71..70..69..68..67..66..65..64..63..62..61..60..59.. 58..57..56..55..54..53..52..51..50..49..48..47..46..45..44..43.. 42..41..40..39..38..37..36..35..34..33..32.. ? Test_Subtest_40_06 Loop_Subtest=00 Err_Type=FF DE_Memory_count_pages.lis 31..30..29..28..27..26..25..24..23..22..21..20..19..18..17..16.. 15..14..13..12..11..10..09..08..07..06..05..04..03.. 16 MB RAM, SIMM Set (0A,0B,0C,0D) present Memory Set 0: 04000000 to 04FFFFFF, 16MB, 32768 good pages, 0 bad pages Error: SIMM Set 1 (1E,1F,1G,1H) $SIMM_{1E} = 64MB$ $SIMM_{1F} = 64MB$ SIMM_1G = 64MB ?? $SIMM_{1H} = 64MB$ Memory Set 1: 00000000 to 03FFFFFF, 64MB, 0 good pages, 131072 bad pages Total of 80MB, 32768 good pages, 131072 bad pages, 136 reserved pages Tests completed.

Example 1–4 represents a case where one SIMM of a set is missing or incorrectly installed. In this case, only one set of SIMMs was installed. Since one was missing, there is no usable memory for testing to run to completion. SIMM 1D is missing here.

Example 1–4 No_Memory_Present Test Failure

KA55-A or KA51-A or KA56-A V2.6, VMB 2.15 Performing normal system tests. 74..73..72..71..70..69..68..67..66..65..64..63..62..61..60.. ? Test_Subtest_DC_87 Loop_Subtest=00 Err_Type=FF DE_NO_Memory_present.lis Vec=0000 Prev_Errs=0000 P1=EF42EF42 P2=00000000 P3=0000000 P4=00000000 P9=0000001 P10=2006B8D8 P5=0000000 P6=7F337F7F P7=00000000 P8=0000EF42 r0=0000002 r1=21018000 r2=00000008 r3=00000007 r4=03FFFFE0 r5=8000000 r6=FFFFFFF r7=0000000 r8=0000000 r9=20140758 r10=FFFFFFF r11=FFFFFFF dser=0000 cesr=00000000 intmsk=00 icsr=01 pcsts=FA00 pcadr=FFFFFF8 pcctl=FC13 cctl=00000020 bcetsts=0360 bcedsts=0F00 cefsts=00019200 nests=00 mmcdsr=00666640 mesr=00000000 Error: SIMM Set 0 (0A,0B,0C,0D) $SIMM_0A = 16MB$ $SIMM_{0B} = 16MB$ $SIMM_0C = 16MB$ SIMM_OD = 00MB ?? Total of OMB, 0 good pages, 0 bad pages, 0 reserved pages

Normal operation not possible.

1.3.4 Configuration Display

The configuration display shows the system configuration and the error messages that were detected while the most recent power-up tests, diagnostic tests, and utilities were running. If you add expansion boxes to the system and do not run the power-up tests or appropriate diagnostic test or utility, the configuration display does not recognize the reconfiguration. Enter the following command to see the configuration display:

>>> SHOW CONFIG

If the system does not detect any errors in the most recent power-up tests or diagnostic utilities, it responds with a configuration display similar to the following:

```
KA55-A or KA51-A or KA56-A V2.6, VMB 2.15
08-00-2B-33-CF-C9
80MB
 O
        0
                   ً
TstNbr DevNam
                  Info
 ____
                  _____
   0
        CPU BD
                  OK
   A8
           MEM
                  OK
   E4
                  OK
            DZ
   ΕO
          SCSI
                  OK
                  3-RZ24L 6-Adapter 7-RRD43
   5F
            NI
                  OK
   FO
         SCSI_B
                  OK
                  0-RZ23L 6-Adapter
    0
          QBUS
                  OK
   Ε8
          COMM
                  OK
                  DSW41/42 2 CHANNEL V4.10-7b
   EC
         ASYNC
                  OK
                  DHW41/2 V1.6
```

1 Test Utility Number Column

2 Device Mnemonic Column

- Device Status Column
- **④** SCSI IDs and SCSI Device Names

The test numbers listed identify the normal test or script number to run to verify the device listed. There are additional tests and utilities for some devices. Test 0 calls the power-up script.

Note

The lines for F0, E8 and EC display only if the applicable option is present.

If the system detects errors in the most recent power-up tests and diagnostic utilities, it responds with a configuration display similar to the following:

```
KA55-A or KA51-A or KA56-A V2.6, VMB 2.15
08-00-2B-2B-16-91
80MB
TstNbr DevNam
               Info
                ------
_____
               OK
   0
      CPU BD
   A8
       MEMORY
                OK
                ?? 001 0048 1
   E4
       DZ
   ΕO
         SCSI
                OK
                3-RZ24L 6-Adapter 7-RRD43
   5F
           NI
                OK
   E8
         COMM
                OK
                DSW41/42 2 CHANNEL V3.11-47
        ASYNC
   EC
                OK
                DHW41/2 V1.6
```

>>>

• Error Information—Write down this information before you contact your Digital services representative.

1.3.5 Error Display

You can use the error display to display certain errors detected during the last power-up test or diagnostic utility. To see the error display, enter the following command:

>>> SHOW ERROR

The system responds with a display similar to the following:

?? 001 CPU_BD 0000 B_Cache Test_35 Subtest_33 Loop_sub_27 Error_type_FF NVAX Test_54 Subtest_00 Loop_sub_01 Error_type_FF ?? 001 DZ 0030 010 0001 00000031 00000020 00000000 00000002 00000000 0000F1F0 Test_E4 Subtest_02 Loop_sub_00 Error_type_FF ?? 020 COMM 0112 005 0014 001E001E 0F0F0311 01010002 00000000 0008001E 80000002 00000000

Write down this information before you contact your Digital services representative.

1.4 Contacting Digital Services

_ Warning

Only authorized service personnel should service the MicroVAX 3100 Model 85/95/96.

If you have followed the procedures in this chapter but the problem remains unsolved, your Digital services representative can help you. Before you place your call, follow these steps:

- 1. Write down a description of the problem, including the error messages and the number of the tests or utilities that failed.
- 2. Look at the status LED display on the back of the system unit and write down the numbers of the LEDs that are lit (see Figure 1–2).
- 3. List the steps you took to correct the problem as well and their results.
- 4. Write down the serial and model numbers of the system unit and any connected peripheral devices. These numbers are usually printed on a label on the back of the device.





1 Status LED Display

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