

# Wide Expansion Storage Pedestal

User's Guide

Order Number: EK-SMCPC-UG. A01

Digital Equipment Corporation Maynard, Massachusetts

First Edition, January 1995

The information in this document is subject to change without notice and should not be construed as a commitment by Digital Equipment Corporation. Digital Equipment Corporation assumes no responsibility for any errors that may appear in this document.

Restricted Rights: Use, duplication, or disclosure by the U.S. Government is subject to restrictions as set forth in subparagraph (c) (1) (ii) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 252.227-7013.

Digital Equipment Corporation does not give a warranty of any kind regarding the fitness or applicability of the information content for a particular purpose. The user assumes all responsibility for understanding the interrelationships of this enclosed information with other affected software or system products.

The disclosure of this information does not grant to the user a license under any patents, pending patents, trademarks, or copyrights or other rights of Digital Equipment Corporation, or of any third party.

FCC Notice: This equipment generates, uses, and may emit radio frequency energy. The equipment has been type tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A computing device pursuant to Subpart J of Part 15 of FCC Rules, which are designed to provide reasonable protection against such radio frequency interference when operated in a commercial environment. Any changes or modifications made to this equipment may void the user's authority to operate the equipment. Operation of this equipment in a residential area may cause interference, in which case the user, at his own expense, may be required to take measures to correct the interference.

Copyright © Digital Equipment Corporation 1995 All Rights Reserved

Printed in U.S. A

The following are trademarks of Digital Equipment Corporation: StorageWorks, and the Digital Logo.

All other trademarks and registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

# **Contents**

Re	evision l	Record	vii
Al	bout Th	is Guide	ix
1	Introd	luction	
	1.1	Product Description	
	1.2	Pedestal Features.	
	1.3	Pedestal Component Description	
	1.3.1	StorageWorks Building Blocks (SBBs)	
	1.3.2	Blower Unit	
	1.3.3	Personality Module	
	1.3.4	Pedestal Cabinet	1-5
2	Install	ation	
	2.1	Introduction	2–1
	2.2	Unpacking	2–1
	2.3	SCSI Cables and Connectors	2–1
	2.3.1	SCSI "P" Cables	2–2
	2.3.2	Storage Pedestal SCSI Connectors	2–3
	2.3.3	SCSI "P" Cable Communications	
	2.4	Connecting the Pedestal to the Host System	
	2.4.1	SCSI "P" Cable Connections	
	2.4.1.1	Routing SCSI Cable under Rear Bezel	
	2.4.1.2		
	2.4.2	Power Cable Connection	
	2.4.3	Installing Devices.	
	2.5	Pedestal Power on Test	
3	Pedest	tal Configuration Rules	
_	3.1	Bus Configurations	3_1
	3.2	Device Addresses	
	3.2.1	Single Pedestal with One or Two SCSI Buses	
	3.3	Pedestal Power	
	3.4	StorageWorks Building Blocks (SBBs)	
	3.5	SCSI Bus	
	3.5.1	SCSI Bus Length Inside the Pedestal.	
	3.5.1	Reconfiguring Pedestal for Two SCSI Ruses	

4	Maint	tenance	
	4.1	Pedestal Indicators.	4–1
	4.1.1	Pedestal Status	4–1
	4.1.2	Power Supply LEDs	4–1
	4.1.3	Battery Backup Unit LEDs	4–3
	4.1.4	SBB Status LEDs	4–3
	4.2	Replacing a Storage SBB	
	4.3	Replacing a Power SBB	
	4.3.1	Replacing a Primary Pedestal (Non-Redundant) Power Supply	
	4.3.2	Replacing a Redundant Power Supply	
	4.3.3	Replacing a Pedestal BBU	
	4.4	Replacing a Fan Assembly (Blower)	
	4.5	Remove/Install Front/Rear Bezel	
	4.5.1	Remove Front/Rear Bezel	
	4.5.2	Insstall Front/Rear Bezel	
	4.6	Troubleshooting the Pedestal	
	4.7	Personality Module Status Indicators	4-11
Ch	apter	5 Illustrated Parts	
Ap	pendix	x A StorageWorks Product Specifications	
	A.1	Input Power Requirements	A–1
	A.2	Power Units	
	A.3	Physical Specifications	A-1
	A.4	Environmental Specifications	A–3
	A.5	Environmental Stabilization	A–4
Ap	pendix	<b>B</b> Manufacturer's Declarations	
Gle	ossary		Glossary–1
Inc	dex		Index–1
Re	ader's	Comments	le Back Cover
Fig	gures		
	1–1	Wide Expansion Storage Pedestal	1–1
	1–2	Storage Pedestal Components (Typical Configuration)	
	1–3	Personality Module	
	1–4	Pedestal Slot Locations	
	2-1	Host-to-Pedestal SCSI "P" Cable	
	2-2	Pedestal-to-Host Connection Diagram	
	2–3	Routing SCSI Cable under Rear Bezel	
	2–4	Routing SCSI Cable through Side Filler Panel	
	2-5	Power Cable Connection	
	2–6	Installing Storage Devices	
	2–7	Power Supply SBB LEDs	
	2–8	Storage SBB LEDs	

#### Figures (cont'd) 3 - 23-3 3-43-5 4-14-2 4-3 4-4 4-5 4–6 Removing a Blower......4–9 4-7 Removing Front/Rear Bezel .......4–10 Installing Front/Rear Bezel......4–10 4-8 4-9 Personality Module Blower Status LEDs......4–11 5-1Pedestal Field Replaceable Parts. 5–1 **Tables** 2-12-23 - 14-1 Pedestal and Single Power Supply (PS) Status LEDs......4–2 4-2BBU Status LEDs ......4–3 4 - 34-4 SBB Status LEDs 4–5 4-5 5-1A-1A-2A-3A-4

# Revision Record

This Revision Record provides a concise publication history of this guide. It lists the manual revision levels, release dates, and reasons for the revisions. It also describes how the changes to affected pages are marked in the guide.

The following revision history lists all revisions of this publication and their effective dates. The publication part number is included in the *Revision Level* column, with the last entry denoting the latest revision. This publication supports the StorageWorks Wide Expansion Storage Pedestal.

<b>Revision Level</b>	Date	<b>Summary of Changes</b>
EK-SMCPC-UG. A01	January 1995	Original release

Order Number: EK-SMCPC-UG. A01

# About This Guide

This section identifies the users of this guide and describes the contents and structure. In addition, it includes the conventions used in this guide.

This guide provides installation and maintenance information for the StorageWorks Wide Expansion Storage Pedestal.

# **Intended Audience**

This guide is intended for people who will install, operate, and maintain StorageWorks Wide Expansion Storage Pedestals.

# NOTE

Installing the StorageWorks Wide Expansion Storage Pedestal requires a general understanding of SCSI devices and basic hardware installation procedures. Otherwise, contact your service representative for installation assistance. If you are unfamiliar with the components of the base subsystem, it is recommended that you review Section 1.3 before proceeding with the installation of your pedestal.

# **Document Structure**

This guide contains the following chapters:

# **Chapter 1: Introduction**

**Introduction** gives an overview of the StorageWorks Wide Expansion Storage Pedestal, describes its components, and discusses the pedestal's features.

# **Chapter 2: Installation**

**Installation** describes unpacking, SCSI cables and connectors, the SCSI cable connection between the pedestal and the host system, the power cable connection, and how to install the components of the pedestal. The chapter also discusses the pedestal power-on test.

Order Number: EK-SMCPC-UG. A01 ix

# **Chapter 3 Pedestal Configuration Rules**

**Pedestal Configuration Rules** describes pedestal bus configurations device addresses, pedestal power, rules for configuring the StorageWorks Building Blocks (SBBs), the SCSI bus, and how to reconfigure the SCSI bus from one to two buses.

# **Chapter 4 Maintenance**

**Maintenance** describes the pedestal SBB LED indicators and how to use them to monitor pedestal operation, how to replace an SBB, the front/rear bezel, and a blower. There is also a brief troubleshooting tip.

# **Chapter 5 Illustrated Parts**

**Illustrated Parts** shows an exploded view of the pedestal with a related table which lists the part numbers of field replaceable parts.

# **Appendix A: StorageWorks Product Specifications**

**StorageWorks Product Specifications** list the power, physical, and environmental specifications for the pedestal.

# **Appendix B: Manufacturer's Declarations**

**Manufacturer's Declarations** describes the Radio Frequency Interference (RFI) and acoustic noise declarations for the pedestal.

# **Conventions**

This guide uses the following conventions:

# **Documentation Conventions**

Style	Meaning
boldface type	For emphasis
italic type	For emphasis and manual titles

Order Number: EK-SMCPC-UG. A01

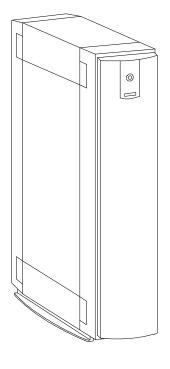
# Introduction

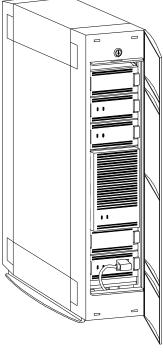
This chapter provides an overview of the Wide Expansion Storage Pedestal, outlines its features, and describes the system components and options available to the user.

# 1.1 Product Description

The StorageWorks Wide Expansion Storage Pedestal offers a low cost mass storage solution with configuration flexibility by allowing you to design your storage array. The pedestal product line consists of a vertical free standing modular storage cabinet with an integral SCSI bus backplane that can be configured for either one or two SCSI buses. The optional modular components available for the pedestal are referred to as StorageWorks Building Blocks (SBBs) which are packaged in 3.5 and 5.25-inch form factors containing devices such as disk, tape, and optical drives, power supplies, and Battery Backup Units (BBUs). Figure 1–1 illustrates a typical pedestal configuration equipped with two 3.5-inch SCSI drives, one 5.25-inch SCSI drive, and a dc power supply.

Figure 1-1 Wide Expansion Storage Pedestal





ESP-01

# 1.2 Pedestal Features

The StorageWorks Wide Expansion Storage Pedestal offers the following features:

- Low-cost Small Computer System Interface (SCSI) device storage subsystems
- StorageWorks Building Blocks (SBBs) that snap-in
- The ability to mix 3.5-inch and 5.25-inch devices
- The freedom to design a system to match your storage requirements
- A redundant power option
- Redundant cooling
- Visual status indicators
- The ability to hot swap SBBs without powering down the pedestal
- Configurable as one or two independent SCSI buses
- Two-bus configuration permits operation of SCSI buses from two controllers or even two host systems
- Front and rear bezels that can be locked in place
- Active SCSI bus termination provided
- Personality module facilitates SCSI bus connection and termination, and monitors temperature and blower status
- 150 W power supply

# 1.3 Pedestal Component Description

The components of the pedestal include the following:

- StorageWorks Building Blocks
  - Disk, tape, CD ROM, and optical devices
  - Industry standard 3.5 and 5.25-inch form factor devices
  - Power supplies and Battery Backup Units
- Fan assemblies (blowers)
- Personality module

Figure 1–2 identifies the components of the StorageWorks Wide Expansion Storage Pedestal configured with a 5.25 and two 3.5-inch disk drives.

# 1.3.1 StorageWorks Building Blocks (SBBs)

All storage devices and power units are mounted inside modular carriers that plug into slots in the pedestal. Each SBB can be removed and replaced without powering down the pedestal. In addition, each SBB has visual status indicator LEDs which are used to determine whether devices are functioning properly.

The 3.5-inch SBB enclosure has guides that mate with grooves in the pedestal slot and ensure that the connector at the rear of the enclosure properly mates with the pedestal connector. When the SBB is fully inserted into the pedestal, the side mounted tabs expand and engage the pedestal to securely mount the SBB. To remove the SBB, you

press and hold the two mounting tabs and slide the device out of the pedestal. 5.25-inch SBBs require three pedestal slots for mounting. There are guides that mate with the grooves in the pedestal to ensure that the connector at the rear properly mates with the pedestal connector. The insertion and removal of the 5.25-inch SBB is the same as the 3.5-inch device described above. The 5.25-inch SBB contains a switchbank at the rear of the unit to set the SCSI address of the device manually. If not used, the SCSI address is set automatically to the pedestal's slot number.

# 1.3.2 Blower Unit

The StorageWorks Wide Expansion Storage Pedestal contains two dual-speed blowers for cooling purposes. The blowers are mounted at the rear of the pedestal and obtain their power through a connector on the backplane. The blowers are secured by two "press-to-release" mounting tabs and a single screw in the corner of each blower unit. The blowers normally run at the lower speed. If one of the blowers fails, the second blower automatically goes to the higher speed. An LED on the front of the personality module goes out, indicating the failure of one blower. This dual-speed operation prevents overheating of the storage device.

PERSONALITY
MODULE (HIDDEN)

BLANK PANEL

3.5-INCH
StorageWorks
BUILDING BLOCK

5.25-INCH
StorageWorks
BUILDING BLOCK

POWER SUPPLY

AC DISTRIBUTION UNIT

WSP-01

Figure 1–2 Storage Pedestal Components (Typical Configuration)

# 1.3.3 Personality Module

The personality module, shown in Figure 1–3, is located above slot 0 where it plugs into a male connector on the backplane.

NOTE

Refer to Chapter 3 for detailed information on the SCSI bus configurations mentioned below.

Input SCSI bus connector JA1 is a 68-pin female connector that mates with a right-angle connector on the SCSI bus cable from the host.

SCSI bus connector JB1 is also a 68-pin female connector. In a single bus configuration with one pedestal, JB1 is not used and the personality module automatically terminates the SCSI bus.

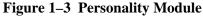
NOTE

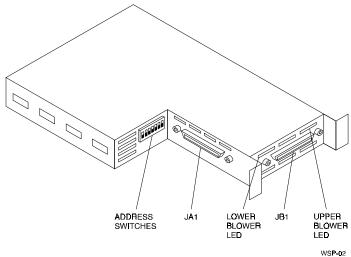
Connecting JB1 to an open-ended SCSI cable will not disable the auto-terminator.

In a two-bus configuration with one pedestal, JB1 becomes the input for the second SCSI bus. Connecting a SCSI bus to JB1 disables the personality module's auto-terminator. Installing a terminator board on the backplane terminates the two SCSI buses.

As detailed in Chapter 4, two LEDs on the personality module indicate the status of the lower and upper blowers and indicate when an over-temperature condition is detected in the pedestal.

Seven address switches are set *off* (down) at the factory and are left *off* when a single pedestal is configured for either one or two SCSI buses.



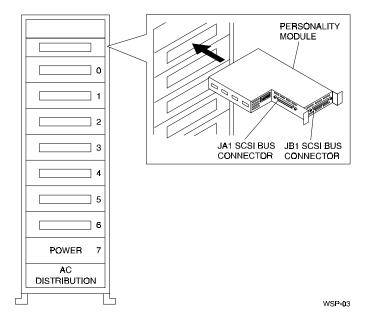


## 1.3.4 Pedestal Cabinet

The floor-mounted pedestal cabinet is a modular storage cabinet that is completely self-contained with its own 3.5-inch SBB power supply, two dual-speed blowers, and two SCSI cable connectors. Refer to Section 3.5.2 for slot assignments when two SCSI buses are configured in one pedestal. The characteristics of the pedestal are outlined below (refer to Figures 1–2 and 1–4).

- The capacity of the pedestal is eight 3.5-inch SBBs, one of which must be a power supply.
- The pedestal slots are numbered 0 through 7 from top to bottom.
- Seven SCSI bus device addresses (target IDs) 0 through 6, associated with the pedestal slots, can be assigned to either 3.5-inch or 5.25-inch SBBs.
- The slot numbers and the default SCSI device addresses are the same for slots 0 through 6. Slot 7 is reserved for the power supply and does not have a device address.
- There are two 68-pin, female SCSI connectors on the personality module. The personality module plugs into the backplane directly above slot 0.
- The ac distribution unit controls prime power (switches) to the power supply installed in slot 7 and the optional redundant power supply in slot 6. See Figure 1–4.
- Slot 6 can be used for either a storage SBB, a redundant power supply, or a battery backup unit (BBU).
- The pedestal has two replaceable blowers mounted at the rear.
- The pedestal also has two foam blocks. These blocks ensure proper air circulation
  and must not be removed. One block is mounted above the personality module, and
  the other is located under the ac distribution unit between the feet of the pedestal.

Figure 1-4 Pedestal Slot Locations



# Installation

This chapter describes the installation procedures required to connect the pedestal to the host, identifies the SCSI cables and connectors, and contains a power-on test to ensure the pedestal is functioning properly.

# 2.1 Introduction

This chapter contains a description of SCSI cables and connectors required to connect the pedestal to the host system. It also describes the power-on test that ensures your storage pedestal is functioning properly. Information is divided into the following sections:

- Unpacking
- SCSI cables and connectors
- Connecting the pedestal to the host system
- Power-on test

# 2.2 Unpacking

Before unpacking the storage pedestal or its components, check all packing slips to ensure the correct equipment has been shipped. Also, inspect the shipping containers for damage (crushed corners, punctures, and so forth). All boxes and packing material should be retained at the installation site for reshipment, if necessary.

There are two foam blocks mounted in the pedestal that are required for proper air circulation. These must not be removed. One is located above the personality module, and the other is under the ac distribution unit between the pedestal feet.

# 2.3 SCSI Cables and Connectors

SCSI connectors are used on the ends of SCSI cables and on connected equipment. This section discusses:

- SCSI "P" cables
- Storage pedestal SCSI connectors
- SCSI "P" cable communications

Order Number: EK-SMCPC-UG. A01

# 2.3.1 SCSI "P" Cables

The wide expansion storage pedestal uses a host-to-pedestal SCSI "P" cable shown in Figure 2-1. Table 2-1 and Section 2.3.3 provide more definition. Cable length varies with application and must be specified when ordering.

Figure 2-1 Host-to-Pedestal SCSI "P" Cable

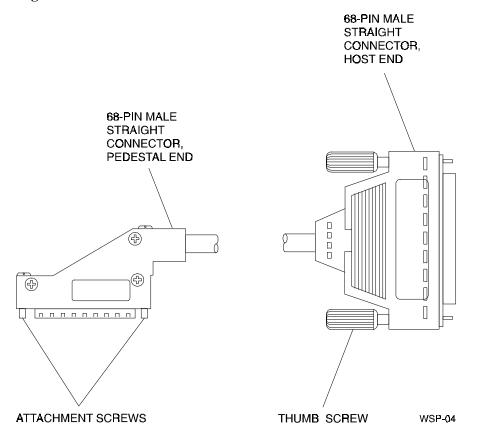


Table 2-1 SCSI "P" Cables

2-2

Cable*	Host Connector	Pedestal Connector
BN21K	68-pin male, straight	68pin male, right-angle

<sup>\*</sup> Complete cable designation has two more alphanumeric characters which specify length. For example, BN21K-01 is a 1-meter (3.3 feet) cable.

# 2.3.2 Storage Pedestal SCSI Connectors

The pedestal has a SCSI bus in its backplane that supports the SCSI devices that plug into the slots. The pedestal backplane is preconfigured at the factory with one SCSI bus, but can be reconfigured to support two SCSI buses if desired. Two SCSI connectors are located on the personality module which plugs into the top of the backplane. One is used to connect the pedestal to the host system SCSI adapter; the other is used when supporting two buses or extending a SCSI bus from one pedestal to another SCSI device.

# 2.3.3 SCSI "P" Cable Communications

The SCSI "P" cable is designed for 16-bit, single-ended communications. Sixteen-bit refers to the 16-bit wide data bus. Single-ended refers to a signal whose level is established between one wire and ground as opposed to a differential signal whose level is established by the potential difference between two wires.

# 2.4 Connecting the Pedestal to the Host System

The pedestal-to-host connection procedure consists of installing the host-to-pedestal SCSI "P" cable between the SCSI connector on the personality module and the SCSI connector on the host system, and then powering on and verifying the status of SBB LED indicators to ensure the equipment is operating properly. The information in this section is divided as follows:

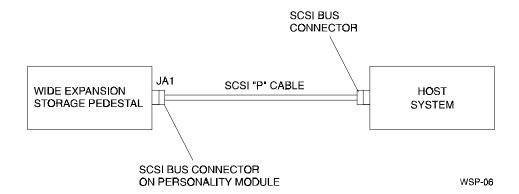
- SCSI "P" cable connections
- Power cable connection
- Installing devices
- Pedestal power-on test

# NOTE For fast data transfer, keep SCSI "P" cable lengths as short as possible.

# 2.4.1 SCSI "P" Cable Connections

Connecting the pedestal to a host system requires the use of the BN21K cable listed in Table 2–1. (Specify length when ordering.) The cable can be routed through the rear of the pedestal behind the bezel, or through one of the four removable filler tabs on each side of the pedestal at your option. Figure 2–2 is a connection diagram showing the cable connection between the pedestal and host system. Figures 2–4 and 2–5 show two of the optional routing paths for the SCSI "P" cable. If a short cable is used, it may be more convenient to route the SCSI cable from the pedestal to the host directly through one of the upper rear filler tabs on the left or right side of the pedestal depending on the location of your workstation. The following procedures apply to a cable long enough to be routed through the rear, or through one of the filler tabs on each side of the pedestal, at your option.

Figure 2–2 Pedestal-to-Host Connection Diagram



# 2.4.1.1 Routing SCSI Cable under Rear Bezel (Figure 2–3)

- 1. Remove both bezels from pedestal as described in Section 4.5.1
- 2. Route right-angle connector on SCSI "P" cable under rear bracket of pedestal base, and through opening at top of pedestal to front of unit.
- 3. Press tab on right of personality module inward, then withdraw module from pedestal.
- 4. Loop cable down below divider plate and mate right-angle connector with SCSI connector JA1 on personality module (side connector when viewed from front)
- 5. Replace personality module in pedestal. Tab at right side of module springs outward when module is properly installed.
- 6. Replace front and rear bezels as described in Section 4.5.2.
- 7. Connect other end of SCSI "P" cable to host system

2-4

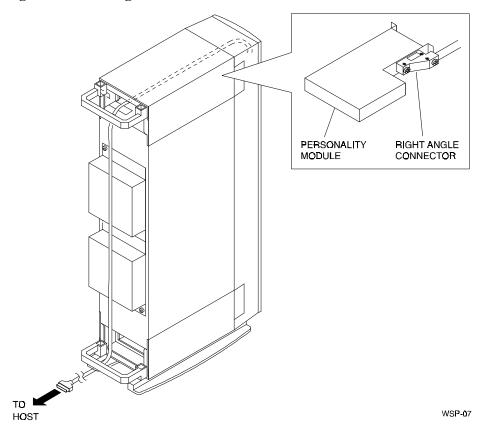


Figure 2-3 Routing SCSI Cable under Rear Bezel

# 2.4.1.2 Routing the SCSI Cable through Removable Tab (Figure 2–4)

# **NOTE**

The following procedure routes the SCSI "P" cable through the removable filler tab at the right rear of the pedestal. If an alternate path is desired, remove the appropriate tab and route the cable to its destination as directly as possible.

- 1. Remove both bezels from pedestal as described in Section 4.5.1.
- 2. Route one end of right-angle connector on SCSI "P" cable through opening above divider plate to front of pedestal.
- 3. Unplug personality module from pedestal and withdraw it.
- 4. Loop cable down below divider plate and mate right-angle connector with SCSI connector JA1 on personality module (side connector when viewed from front).
- 5. Replace personality module in pedestal, ensuring that connector at rear of personality module fully engages backplane connector in pedestal.
- 6. Take either bezel and slide out filler tab at lower left corner (as viewed from inside bezel).

Order Number: EK-SMCPC-UG, A01

- 7. Route SCSI "P" cable down behind pedestal, then bend cable to right (as viewed from behind pedestal).
- 8. Take bezel with removed filler tab and install it at rear of pedestal as described in Section 4.5.2, routing SCSI "P" cable through notch created by removed filler tab, then install remaining bezel at front of pedestal.
- 9. Connect free end of SCSI "P" cable to host system.

PERSONALITY MODULE

RIGHT ANGLE
CONNECTOR

Figure 2-4 Routing SCSI Cable through Side Filler Panel

# **2.4.2** Power Cable Connection (Figure 2–5)

TO HOST

The pedestal is equipped with an ac distribution unit that provides switch-controlled ac power. The ac distribution unit is equipped with three short power plugs, two at the front of the unit and one at the rear. One of the front plugs is connected to the pedestal power supply at the factory. The second front plug is disconnected and available to plug into and power a redundant power supply. The plug at the rear of the distribution unit is disconnected and available to supply power to a second pedestal if desired.

You must install an ac line power cord to a receptacle on the rear of the ac distribution unit for connection to 125 or 250 volt line power. Table 2–2 lists the power cords avail-

WSP-08

able for the ac distribution unit. Since these power cords are country specific, ensure that your power cord matches those listed in Table 2–2 for your installation.

In general, the power cords listed in Table 2–2 have the following characteristics:

- Rated at 10 amps at the specified operating voltage
- 2.5 meters (8.2 feet) in length
- Have a country-specific plug
- Have an IEC 320 C-14 compatible connector

The only exception is the BN27S-03 power cord used in Japan and the United States; it is rated at 15 amps and is 3 meters (9.84 feet) long.

**Table 2–2 Country-Specific Power Cords** 

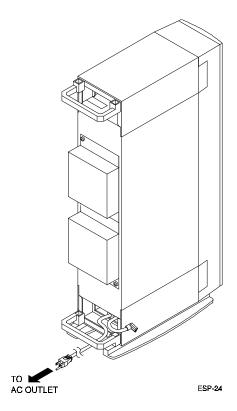
Country	Voltage	Plug	Length meters (ft.)	Part No,
Australia	250 Vac	AS 3112 - 1981	2.5 (8.2)	BN19H-2E
Central Europe	250 Vac	CEE 7/7 (Schuko)	2.5 (8.2)	BN19C-2E
Denmark	250 Vac	Afsnit	2.5 (8.2)	BN19K-2E
India	250 Vac	BS 546	2.5 (8.2)	BN19S-2E
Ireland	250 Vac	BS 1363	2.5 (8.2)	BN19A-2E
Israel	250 Vac	SI 32	2.5 (8.2)	BN18L-2E
Italy	250 Vac	CEI 213-16/VII	2.5 (8.2)	BN19M-2E
Japan	125 Vac	NEMA 5-15	3.0 (9.8)	BN27S-03 <sup>1</sup>
New Zealand	250 Vac	AS 3112 - 1981	2.5 (8.2)	BN19H-2E
South Africa	250 Vac	BS 546	2.5 (8.2)	BN19S-2E
Switzerland	250 Vac	SEV 1011	2.5 (8.2)	BN19E-2E
United Kingdom	250 Vac	BS 1363	2.5 (8.2)	BN19A-2E
United States	125 Vac	NEMA 5-15	3 (9.8)	BN27S-03 <sup>1</sup>
This power cord is rated at 15 amps.				

To connect the power cord to the pedestal refer to Figure 2–5 and proceed as follows:

- 1. Open the door on the front bezel and ensure the power switch on the ac distribution unit is set to off.
- 2. Remove the rear bezel as described in Section 4.5.1.
- 3. Route the female end of the power cord under the handle of the pedestal base and connect the cord to the ac receptacle on the ac distribution unit.
- 4. Replace the rear bezel as described in Section 4.5.2.
- 5. Close the door on the rear bezel and connect the other end of the power cord to an ac outlet.
- 6. If installing SBBs, proceed to Section 2.4.3. If the pedestal is preconfigured with SBBs, proceed to the power-on test in Section 2.5.

Order Number: EK-SMCPC-UG. A01

Figure 2-5 Power Cable Connection



# 2.4.3 Installing Devices

The SBB can be installed with pedestal power on (hot installation) or off (cold installation). Figure 2–6 shows the installation of a 3.5-inch SBB. Since a 5.25-inch SBB requires three pedestal slots, you must remove three adjacent filler panels to install the device. To install an SBB, complete the following procedure:

# **CAUTION**

Ensure the SCSI ID address of the device being installed does not conflict with any other devices on the bus.

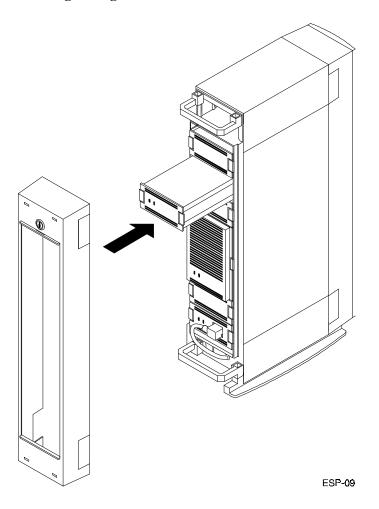
# **NOTE**

If the SBB does not have a SCSI address switch, the SCSI address is the same as the slot number in the pedestal. Refer to Section 3.2.1 for those SBBs that have SCSI switches mounted at the rear of the SBB.

- 1. Remove the front bezel from the pedestal as described in Section 4.5.1.
- 2. Remove the filler panel(s) from the desired slot(s) by squeezing the side mounting tabs.

- 3. Insert the device into the guide grooves and push it in until the tabs lock into place.
- 4. Set the power switch on the ac distribution unit to on and observe the LEDs on the device to ensure the unit is operating properly. (Refer to power-on test in Section 2.5 below.)
- 5. After verifying that the device is functioning properly, refer to the procedure in Section 4.5.2 to install the front bezel.

Figure 2–6 Installing Storage Devices



# 2.5 Pedestal Power-on Test

# **CAUTION**

Care must be taken when spinning up the drives not to exceed the current capacity of the power supply. It is recommended that the devices spin-up sequentially.

#### **NOTE**

The pedestal SBB LED indicators quickly flash on and off in the following test. Before powering on the pedestal, read through the procedure to locate the LEDs (Figures 2–7 and 2–8), then familiarize yourself with the normal poweron sequence. You may power the pedestal on and off to recheck the power-on test if necessary.

- 1. Verify that the ac power switch on the ac distribution unit (bottom module in the pedestal) is in the off position.
- 2. Verify that the ac input power and the SCSI cable connections between the pedestal and the host are firmly seated and secure.
- 3. Turn on the ac power switch on the ac distribution unit and verify the following for each supply:
  - The right LED indicator on all of the power supply SBBs (Figure 2–7) lights first, then both LEDs on the supply remain on.
  - All drive SBB activity LEDs (Figure 2–8) initially flash on and then go off.

#### NOTE

If the drive SBB fault LEDs remain on, this may not necessarily represent a fault condition. It may be necessary to wait until the SBBs have been initialized by the host software.

Figure 2–7 Power Supply SBB LEDs

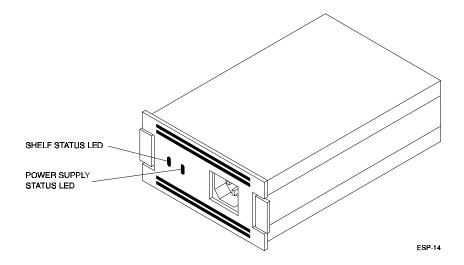
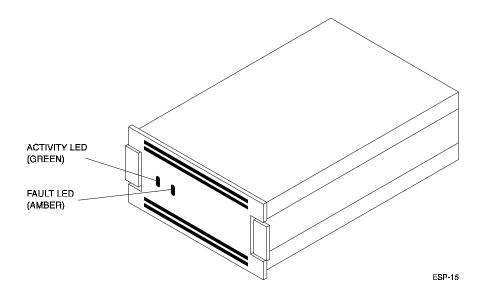


Figure 2–8 Storage SBB LEDs



# Pedestal Configuration Rules

This chapter describes configuration rules for bus configurations, device addresses, power, SBBs, and the SCSI buses. It also describes how to reconfigure the pedestal from one to two SCSI buses.

#### **NOTE**

In addition to the configurations described below, two pedestals may be configured on one SCSI bus with the purchase of additional equipment. Refer to *Wide Differential to Single-ended Signal Converter User's Guide*, Order Number EK-SMDZB-UG. for details.

# 3.1 Bus Configurations

The pedestal is configured at the factory for a single SCSI bus. It may be reconfigured for two SCSI buses if desired (Section 3.5.2). The following rules apply:

- Eight and 16-bit devices can be mixed in the first pedestal when it's configured for either one or two SCSI buses. A maximum of 7 devices can be installed with no redundant power supply or battery backup unit. (See Section 3.2.1.)
- A personality module, located above slot 0 in the pedestal, automatically terminates
  the SCSI bus in all configurations except when two SCSI buses are configured in one
  pedestal.

#### **NOTE**

The optional terminator block must be ordered separately If it's required for your configuration as explained below.

• An optional terminator block is required for configuring two SCSI buses in one pedestal. If you are configuring two SCSI buses in one pedestal, refer to Section 3.5.2.

Order Number: EK-SMCPC-UG. A01

# 3.2 Device Addresses

The section covers device address rules for:

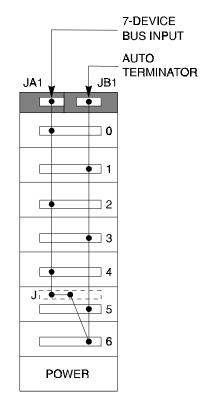
• A single pedestal with one or two SCSI buses

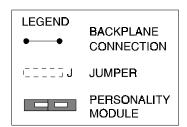
# 3.2.1 Single Pedestal with One or Two SCSI Buses

The following device address rules apply:

- The default SBB addresses are determined by the slot number in the pedestal as viewed from the front and shown in Figure 3–1.
- The available SBB addresses for each slot in the pedestal are 0 through 6.
- The pedestal slot numbers and the ID addresses are the same for 3.5-inch hard drive devices, none of which have address switches.
- All seven address switches on the personality module are set *off* (down) as shipped from the factory.
- The device addresses for 3.5-inch tape drives and 5.25-inch storage devices default to their slot locations in the pedestal when the address switches on the rear of the devices are set to automatic, or can be set manually from instructions in the user's guide for the device. Switches are set to automatic at the factory.
- The pedestal power supply slot is always slot 7 and does not have a device address.

Figure 3-1 Single Pedestal Configuration with One SCSI Bus





WSP-09

# 3.3 Pedestal Power

The following configuration rules apply to the pedestal power supply:

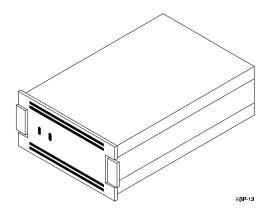
- The pedestal requires an ac input primary power supply mounted in slot 7.
- The pedestal is equipped with an ac distribution unit to provide switched-controlled input voltages to the pedestal power supply/supplies.
- An optional redundant power supply or an optional battery backup unit (BBU) can only be mounted in slot 6.
- Each power supply can support a maximum of seven 3.5-inch SBBs in slots 0 6.
- Power supplies are available with wattage ratings of 131, 145, and 150. Maximum, seven-drive configurations of 7200-rpm hard disk drives require the use of a 150-watt power supply.

# 3.4 StorageWorks Building Blocks (SBBs)

The following configuration rules apply to the pedestal SBBs:

- Pedestal capacity is measured by the number of 3.5-inch SBBs (Figure 3–2).
- Each 3.5-inch SBB occupies one pedestal slot.
- All pedestal power supplies and BBUs are mounted in 3.5-inch carriers.
- A 5.25-inch SBB requires three pedestal slots for mounting (Figure 3–3).
- Some SBB addresses automatically default to the pedestal slot number; on other SBBs, addresses can be controlled by the device address switches on the rear of the device.

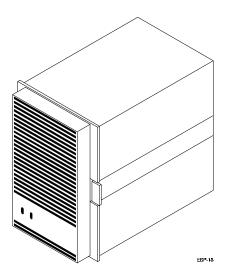
Figure 3–2 Typical 3.5-inch SBB



Order Number: EK-SMCPC-UG. A01

3-3

Figure 3–3 Typical 5.25-inch SBB



# 3.5 SCSI Bus

The following configuration rules apply to the pedestal SCSI buses:

#### **CAUTION**

SCSI buses must be terminated at both ends to ensure proper operation. StorageWorks SBBs do not terminate a bus.

#### **NOTE**

The personality module automatically terminates a single SCSI bus configured in that pedestal. Configuring one pedestal for two SCSI buses requires an optional terminator board. (See Section 3.5.2 below for details.) The host adapter terminates the other end of the SCSI bus.

- The maximum number of storage devices in a pedestal is seven.
- The total length of a fast, single-ended SCSI bus cannot exceed 3 meters (9.8 feet). This total must include the length of the cable and length of the SCSI bus inside the pedestal. (Refer to Section 3.5.1 for bus length information.)
- When configured for two buses, four devices reside on one bus, and three on the other.

# 3.5.1 SCSI Bus Length Inside the Pedestal

Table 3–1 lists the equivalent lengths of SCSI buses inside the pedestal backplane.

Table 3–1 SCSI Bus Lengths Within Pedestal

No. of Buses Configured	Type of Bus	Meters	Feet
1	7 device	1.0	3.3
2	3 device	0.4	1.3
	4 device	0.6	2.0

# 3.5.2 Reconfiguring Pedestal for Two SCSI Buses

The pedestal is preconfigured at the factory for a single SCSI bus. It may be reconfigured for two SCSI buses at your option. To reconfigure the pedestal for two SCSI buses, refer to Figures 3–4 and 3–5, then proceed as follows:

- 1. Open front bezel door and set power switch on ac distribution unit to off.
- 2. Disconnect power cord at ac source.
- 3. Remove both bezels from pedestal as described in Section 4.5.1.
- 4. Remove blowers as described in Section 4.4.

# NOTE An alternative to the following step is to discharge static buildup by momentarily touching a finger to a blank space on the backplane.

- 5. Discharge any static buildup by attaching ground strap between ground and ac distribution unit.
- 6. Remove jumper board connected behind slot 5.

board installed above.

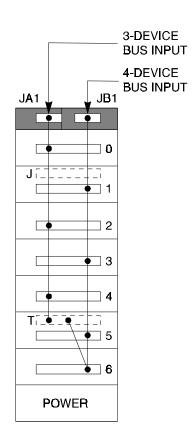
- 7. Install optional terminator board behind slot 5. (Refer to Table 5-1 for part number of optional terminator board.)
- 8. Install jumper board behind slot 1.

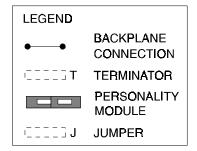
# NOTE JA1 is now the connector for the SCSI bus containing devices in slots 0, 2, and 4. JB1 is now the connector for the SCSI bus containing devices in slots 1, 3, 5, and 6. Both SCSI buses are terminated by the optional terminal

Order Number: EK-SMCPC-UG. A01 3–5

- 9. Refer to Section 2.4.1 for cable routing information and connect SCSI "P" cable, for device addresses 0, 2, and 4, between host and JA1 on the personality module.
- 10. Connect right-angle connector on SCSI "P" cable for devices in slots 1, 3, 5, and 6 to JB1 on the personality module.
- 11. Connect other end of SCSI "P" cable to host. (Refer to Section 2.4.1 for cable routing information.)
- 12. Replace blowers as described in Section 4.4.
- 13. Install both bezels as described in Section 4.5.2.
- 14. Reconnect power cord and power on pedestal.
- 15. Verify that all devices are active as described in Section 2.5.

Figure 3–4 Backplane Configuration for Two SCSI Buses (Front View)





WSP-10

SCSI BUS
CONNECTORS

WIDE EXPANSION
STORAGE PEDESTAL

SCSI "P" CABLE

HOST
SYSTEM

SCSI BUS CONNECTOR
ON PERSONALITY MODULE

WSP-11

Figure 3–5 Pedestal-to-Host Connections for Two SCSI Buses

Order Number: EK–SMCPC–UG. A01 3–7

# Maintenance

This chapter describes the status of the SBB LED indicators and how to replace the components in the pedestal. It also presents a brief troubleshooting approach in the event of a pedestal component malfunction.

# 4.1 Pedestal Indicators

The wide expansion storage pedestal identifies error conditions or failures caused by the major pedestal components such as the blowers, power supplies, or storage devices. This status is displayed on the power supply and storage device light emitting diodes (LEDs). The following sections describe the logic signals representing these conditions or failures (their states and functions) and how to interpret the LED displays.

# 4.1.1 Pedestal Status

The pedestal monitors both blower operation and power. The blowers on the rear of the pedestal provide cooling and the pedestal power supply provides +5 Vdc and +12 Vdc to operate the storage devices. The personality module LEDs monitor blower status. The power supply LEDs indicate the state of the pedestal components. The LEDs indicate a fault when one of the following conditions occur:

- A power supply fault
- A blower problem
- An input power problem

# 4.1.2 Power Supply LEDs

The status of both the pedestal blowers and the power supplies can be determined by the power supply green LEDs as shown in Figure 4–1. The left LED displays the pedestal (shelf) status and the right LED displays the power supply status.

- When the left LED is on, both the pedestal blowers and the power supplies are functioning properly
- When the left LED is off, either a pedestal blower or a power supply is not functioning properly

Tables 4–1 and 4–2 describe the power supply LED codes.

Order Number: EK-SMCPC-UG. A01 4–1

Figure 4–1 Power Supply LEDs

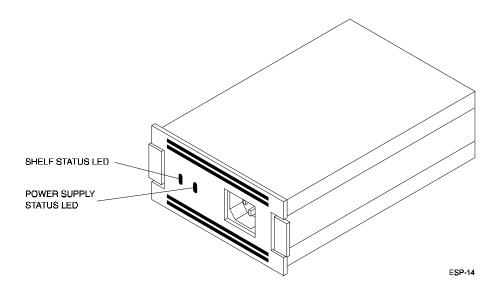


Table 4-1 Pedestal and Single Power Supply (PS) Status LEDs

Shelf Status LED	Shelf Status LED Power Supply Status LED Indication	
On	On	Normal status. Pedestal functioning properly.
Off	On	Bad blower unit. Replace faulty blower.
Off	Off	Power supply bad. Replace faulty supply.

**NOTE** 

When the pedestal is equipped with two power supplies, you must observe the LEDs on both power supplies (Table 4–2) to determine the status.

Table 4-2 Pedestal and Dual Power Supply (PS) Status LEDs

Shelf Status LED	PS1 LED	Shelf Status LED	PS2 LED	Indication
On	On	On	On	Normal status.
Off	On	Off	On	Blower unit bad. Replace blower.
Off	Off	On	On	PS1 bad. Replace faulty supply.
On	On	Off	Off	PS2 bad. Replace faulty supply.
Off	Off	Off	Off	PS1 and/or PS2 bad. Possible input power problem.

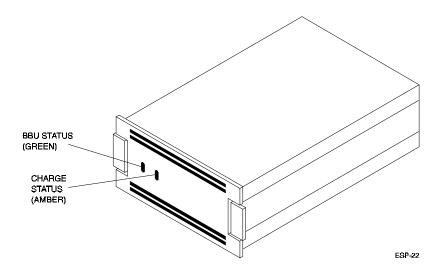
4–2 Order Number: EK–SMCPC–UG. A01

# 4.1.3 Battery Backup Unit LEDs

The LEDs on the battery backup unit (BBU) (shown in Figure 4–2) display the status of the BBU. The LEDs indicate the following:

- The left LED (green) is the BBU charge status LED
- The right LED (amber) is the BBU status LED

Figure 4-2 BBU LEDs



These LEDs are controlled by internal BBU signals. The BBU status is indicated by the LEDs. These LEDs have three states: *on, off, and flashing*. Table 4–3 describes the valid states for these LEDs.

Table 4-3 BBU Status LEDs

BBU Charge LED	BBU Status LED	Indication
On	Off	Normal status, BBU is fully charged and operational.
Off On		Normal status. BBU is charging.
Off	Flashing	Error status. Power supply failure. BBU in use.
Off	Off	Error status. Either power supply or BBU failure.

# 4.1.4 SBB Status LEDs

Figures 4–3 and 4–4 show the 3.5-inch and 5.25-inch disk drives, respectively. Each drive has two LED indicators that display the status of the device. The status conditions of the LEDs are listed in Table 4–4. The LEDs have three states: *on, off, and flashing*.

- The left LED (green) is the device activity LED and is on or flashing when the drive is active.
- The right LED (amber) is the drive fault LED and indicates an error condition when it is either on or flashing.

# **CAUTION**

Removing an SBB when the left LED is on or flashing can cause the loss or corruption of data.

Figure 4–3 3.5-inch SBB LEDs

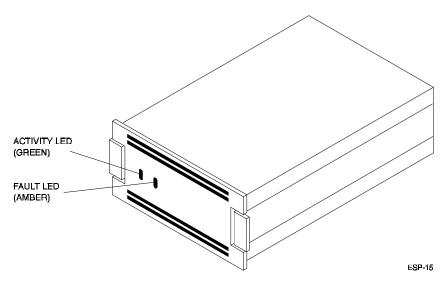


Figure 4–4 5.25-inch SBB LEDs

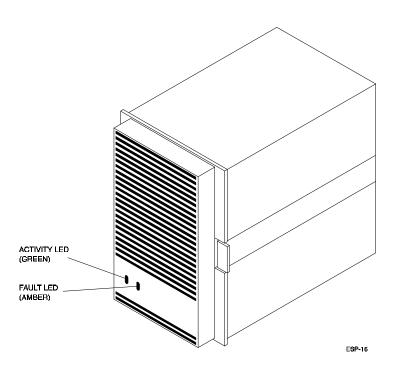


Table 4–4 SBB Status LEDs

Activity Status LED	Fault Status LED	Indication
On	Off	Device is operating properly.
Off	Off	Device is inactive and operating normally. There is no fault.
On	On	Fault status, device is hung up. Recommend that you replace the device.
Off	On	Fault status, device is inactive and spun down. Recommend that you replace the device.
On	Flashing	Fault status, device is active and spinning down due to the fault.

# 4.2 Replacing a Storage SBB

# **CAUTION**

Once a device has been recognized on the SCSI bus by the host, moving the device to another bus or changing the device address can cause problems on the host.

Normally, a storage device is replaced when the device fault indicator is on as defined in Table 4–4. To remove or replace a storage device, perform the following procedure.

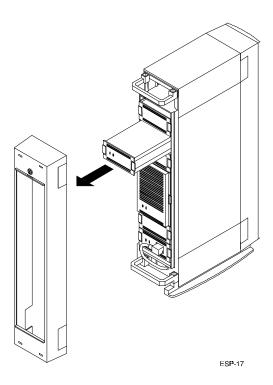
# **CAUTION**

Ensure the replacement SBB is the same type as the one being replaced. Also, always use both hands when handling a device and be careful not to touch the device connector to prevent electrostatic discharge damage.

- 1. Use the procedure in Paragraph 4.5.1 to remove the front bezel.
- 2. Press the two locking tabs to release the device, and pull the unit until the rear connector disengages from the backplane connector (approximately one inch). Wait 10 seconds before removing the device from the pedestal to ensure that rotating devices have spun down.
- 3. Remove the SBB as shown in Figure 4–5.
- 4. Insert the replacement device into the guide slots and push it in until it is fully seated and the mounting tabs engage the pedestal.
- 5. After power is applied, observe the status LEDs on the new device. The green device activity LED is either on, flashing, or off, and the amber device fault LED is off.
- 6. Install the front bezel as explained in Paragraph 4.5.2.

Order Number: EK-SMCPC-UG. A01 4–5

Figure 4-5 Removing a Storage Device

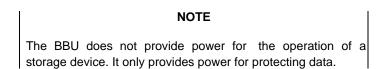


## 4.3 Replacing a Power SBB

You need to replace a power supply or battery backup unit (BBU) when the LEDs indicate a fault condition as outlined in Tables 4–1, 4–2, and 4–3.

The hot-swapping method of replacing a power supply may be used when there are two power supplies. This method allows you to remove the defective power supply while the other power supply furnishes dc power to the pedestal.

The input power for each dc power supply is controlled by a switch on the ac distribution unit. Setting this switch to off removes power from all power supplies in the pedestal. To remove power from a single power supply, simply disconnect the power cable from that power supply and remove the unit.



## 4.3.1 Replacing a Primary Pedestal (Non-Redundant) Power Supply

Perform the following procedure to replace a pedestal primary power supply:

- 1. Power down the pedestal by setting the power switch on the ac distribution to *off* and remove the input power cable from the power supply.
- 2. Remove the front bezel using the procedure in Paragraph 4.5.1.

- 3. Press the two locking tabs to release the unit, and slide it out of the pedestal (similar to replacing a drive as shown in Figure 4–5).
- 4. Insert the replacement supply into the guide slots and push it in until the tabs lock into place.
- 5. Reconnect the input power cable to the power supply and turn the power switch on the ac distribution to on.
- 6. Observe the LEDs and ensure the power supply is functioning properly (refer to Tables 4–1 and 4–2). Observe the LEDs on both the power supply and the storage devices for normal operating indications.
- 7. Install the front bezel using the procedure in Paragraph 4.5.2.

## 4.3.2 Replacing a Redundant Power Supply

Perform the following procedure to replace a pedestal redundant power supply:

- 1. Remove the front bezel using the procedure in Paragraph 4.5.1.
- 2. Press the two locking tabs to release the unit, and slide it out of the pedestal (similar to replacing a drive as shown in Figure 4–5).
- 3. Insert the replacement redundant supply into the guide slots and push it in until the tabs lock into place.
- 4. Reconnect the input power cable to the redundant power supply and turn the power switch on the ac distribution to on.
- 5. Observe the LEDs and ensure the power supply is functioning properly (refer to Tables 4–1 and 4–2). Observe the LEDs on both the power supply and the storage devices for normal operating indications.
- 6. Install the front bezel using the procedure in Paragraph 4.5.2.

## 4.3.3 Replacing a Pedestal BBU

To replace a BBU in slot 6, perform the following procedure:

- 1. Remove the front bezel using the procedure in Paragraph 4.5.1.
- 2. Press the two locking tabs to release the unit, and slide it out of the pedestal (similar to replacing a drive as shown in Figure 4–5).
- 3. Insert the replacement unit into the guide slots and push it in until the tabs lock into place.
- 4. Observe the LEDs and ensure the BBU is charging as specified in Table 4–3. The BBU should be fully charged in approximately one hour.
- 5. Install the front bezel using the procedure in Paragraph 4.5.2.

## 4.4 Replacing a Fan Assembly (Blower)

#### WARNING

Due to hazardous high-current energy levels present in the backplane area, use extreme caution while swapping blowers in the following procedure. Keep all metal objects, including rings and jewelry, out of the blower/backplane cavity.

#### **CAUTION**

To prevent an overheating condition, the replacement blower should be readily available to ireplace the faulty blower during the following procedure.

The pedestal has two blowers mounted at the rear. Connectors on the backplane provide the +12 Volts dc to operate the blowers. As long as one blower is operational, there is sufficient airflow to prevent an overheating condition. When either blower fails, the left shelf status LED on the power supply goes off (refer to Table 4–1). Figure 4–6 shows the removal of a blower.

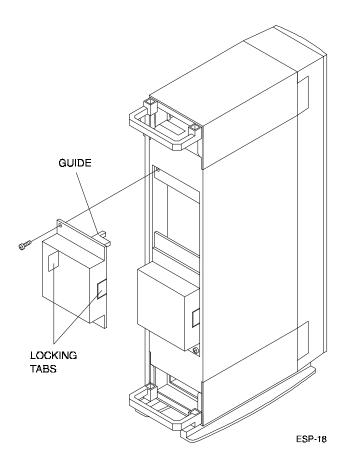
To replace a blower, perform the following procedure:

- 1. Determine which of the two blowers has failed by feeling the air flow at the bottom of each blower.
- 2. Remove the rear bezel using the procedure in Paragraph 4.5.1.
- 3. Using a Phillips screwdriver, remove the safety screw in the corner of the blower.
- 4. Press the side locking tabs to release the blower.
- 5. Pull the blower straight out to disconnect it from the pedestal power connector.
- 6. Align the replacement blower connector and insert the module straight in, making sure that both locking tabs are firmly seated in the pedestal.
- 7. Replace the safety screw in the corner of the blower.
- 8. Verify that the pedestal and all SBBs are operating properly (refer to pedestal status, Tables 4–1 and 4–2).
- 9. Install the rear bezel using the procedure in Paragraph 4.5.2.

#### **NOTE**

If the left power supply LED (pedestal status) does not come on and all the pedestal power supplies are operating, the second blower may have failed. Check the personality module blower status LEDs. (Refer to Paragraph 4.7.)

Figure 4-6 Removing a Blower



## 4.5 Remove/Install Front/Rear Bezel

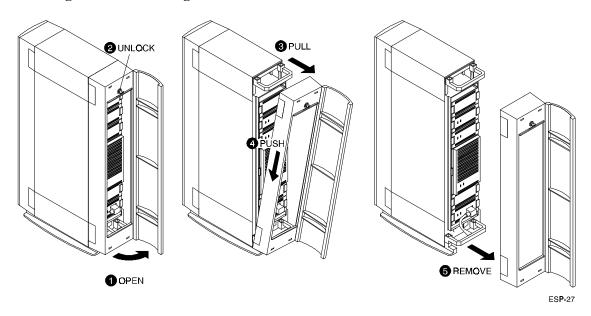
The front and rear bezels are identical and interchangeable.

## 4.5.1 Remove Front/Rear Bezel

To remove a front or rear bezel, refer to Figure 4–7 and proceed as follows:

- 1. Open front door of bezel.
- 2. Unlock bezel with key supplied, then store key in secure place.
- 3. Pull top of bezel forward off pedestal.
- 4. Push bezel down slightly to disengage tabs securing bezel to base of pedestal.
- 5. Remove bezel from pedestal.

Figure 4-7 Removing Front/Rear Bezel

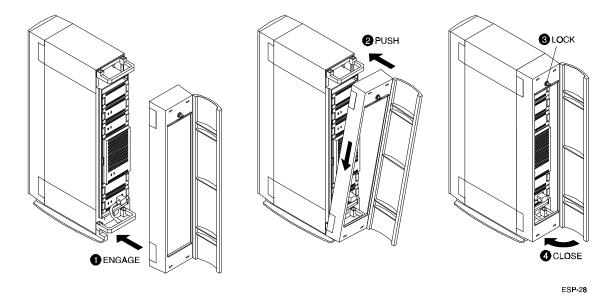


## 4.5.2 Install Front/Rear Bezel

To install a bezel at the front or rear of the pedestal, refer to Figure 4–8 and proceed as follows:

- 1. With bezel door open, engage tabs at base of bezel under pedestal.
- 2. Push top of bezel forward until it fits evenly over pedestal.
- 3. Lock bezel in place and remove key. Store key in secure place.
- 4. Close bezel door.

Figure 4-8 Installing Front/Rear Bezel



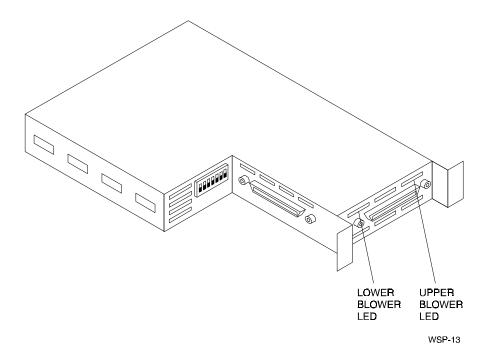
## 4.6 Troubleshooting the Pedestal

The primary troubleshooting tool in analyzing problems in the pedestal is the status of the storage device carriers LED indicators as described in Tables 4–1 through 4–4 above. If a disk drive amber LED is on, check the host system error log to pinpoint device errors. Also, unplug the faulty device and try reseating the unit to ensure a proper connection with the pedestal backplane slot connector.

## **4.7** Personality Module Status Indicators

Personality module LEDs indicate a blower failure or over-temperature condition. An ambient temperature above 32°C (90°F) causes both blowers to operate at high speed. Figure 4-9 shows the location of the LEDs. Table 4–5 defines the indicator status.

Figure 4–9 Personality Module Blower Status LEDs



**Table 4–5 Personality Module Blower Status Indicators** 

LED	Status	Indication
Lower blower	On	Lower blower has failed
Upper blowerr	Off	Upper blower to high speed
Lower blower	Off	Upper blower has failed
Upper blowerr	On	Lower blower to high speed
Lower blower	Off	Normal status
Upper blowerr	Off	Blowers are operational
Lower blower	On	Over-temp condition
Upper blowerr	On	Both blowers to high speed

## **Illustrated Parts**

This chapter contains an illustrated breakdown of the field replaceable parts in the StorageWorks Wide Expansion Storage Pedestal. The information consists of an exploded view of the pedestal and its associated part numbers and item descriptions.

Figure 5-1 Pedestal Field Replaceable Parts

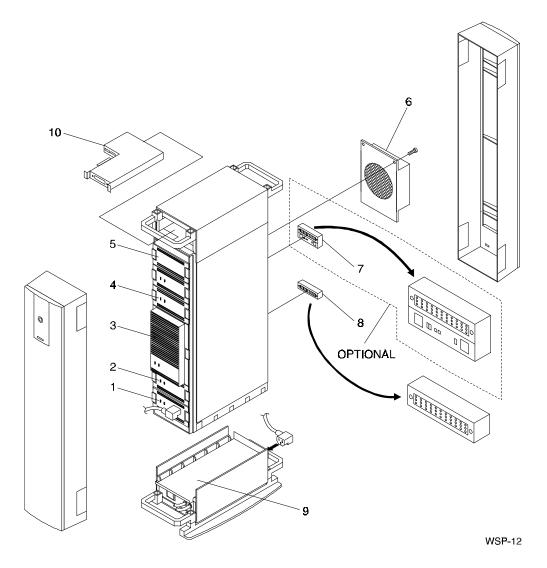


Table 5–1 Pedestal Field Replaceable Parts (Refer to Figure 5–1)

Item	Part Number	Description
1	SWXBP-SA	131 W universal AC power supply
1	SWXBP-SB	145 W universal AC power supply
1	SWXBP-SD	150 W universal AC power supply
2	SWXBP-SC	Battery Backup Unit (BBU)
3	SWxx5-xx	5.25-inch disk drive
4	SWxx3-xx	3.5-inch disk drive
5	BA35X-PA	3.5-inch filler panel
6	70-29761-03	Fan carrier (blower) assy, two-speed*
7	54-23376-01	SCSI backplane active terminator board <sup>#</sup>
8	54-23378-01	SCSI backplane jumper board*
9	70-29914-01	AC distribution unit
10	70-31490-01	Personality module

<sup>\*</sup> Part number located on back of part.

\* Order separately only when configuring two SCSI buses in one pedestal.



# StorageWorks Product Specifications

This appendix describes the physical and environmental specifications for the StorageWorks Wide Expansion Storage Pedestal.

## **A.1 Input Power Requirements**

The input power requirements for a StorageWorks enclosure are determined by the number and type of Power Units and StorageWorks Building Block (SBB) devices.

#### **A.2 Power Units**

Each StorageWorks enclosure requires an ac and dc power unit.

The enclosure can have a redundant power unit to ensure that a power unit failure does not disable the storage devices. In most cases, battery backup units (BBUs) can be combined with the pedestal power unit to provide extended system data integrity. See the following table for more information about the power units.

Table A–1 contains the specifications for the SWXBP–SA, SWXBP–SB, SWXBP-SC, and SWXBP–SD StorageWorks power units.

## **A.3 Physical Specifications**

Table A–2 lists the physical specifications of the StorageWorks Wide Expansion Storage Pedestal and StorageWorks Building Blocks (SBBs).

## **NOTE**

The depth specifications in Table A–2 do not include the service area requirements. Deskside expansion enclosures are portable and should be positioned to provide a front or rear service area of 762 millimeters (30 inches)

•

Table A-1 StorageWorks Power Units

Specifications	SWXBP-SA	SWXBP-SB	SWXBP-SC	SWXBP-SD
Power unit type	AC input	AC input	Battery backup	AC input
Input voltage range	90-264 Vac	90-264 Vac	N/A	90-264 Vac
Nominal input voltage	110 Vac	110 Vac	110 Vac	110 Vac
Autoranging feature	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Output voltages	12 Vdc 5 Vdc	12 Vdc 5 Vdc	12 Vdc 5 Vdc	12 Vdc 5 Vdc
Output power†	131 W	145 W	200 W peak power for 16, 32, or 64 s	150 W

<sup>†</sup> Sequential device spin-up at 4-s interval mandatory

Table A-2 StorageWorks Wide Expansion Storage Pedestal Physical Specifications

Description	Height mm (in)	Width mm (in)	Depth mm (in)
StorageWorks Enclosures			
Deskside expansion enclosure	578 (22.75)	203 (8.0)	400 (15.75)
StorageWorks Building Blocks			
3½-inch SBB 5½-inch SBB	121 (4.8) 121 (4.8)	51 (2.0) 152 (6.0)	216 (8.5) 267 (10.5)

## **A.4** Environmental Specifications

The StorageWorks product line environmental specifications listed in Table A–3 are the same as for other Digital storage devices.

**Table A-3 Environmental Specifications** 

Condition	Specification
	Optimum Operating Environment
Temperature	+18° to +24° C (+65° to +75° F)
Rate of change	3° C (5.4° F)
Step change	3° C (5.4° F)
Relative humidity	40% to 60% (non condensing) with a step change of 10% or less (non condensing)
Altitude	From sea level to 2400 m (8000 ft)
Air quality	Maximum particle count 0.5 micron or larger, not to exceed 500 ,000 particles per cubic ft of air
Inlet air volume	0.026 cubic m per second (50 cubic ft per minute)
	Maximum Operating Environment (Range)
Temperature	+10 $^{\circ}$ to +35 $^{\circ}$ C (+50 $^{\circ}$ to +95 $^{\circ}$ F)  Debate 1.8 $^{\circ}$ C for each 1000 m (1.0 $^{\circ}$ F for each 1000 ft) of altitude  Maximum temperature gradient 11 $^{\circ}$ C/hr (20 $^{\circ}$ F/hr) ± 2 $^{\circ}$ C/hr (4 $^{\circ}$ F/hr)
Relative humidity	10% to 90% (non condensing)  Maximum wet bulb temperature: 28° C (82° F)  Minimum dew point: 2° C (36° F)
	Maximum Nonoperating or Storage Environment (Range)
Temperature  Non operating  Storage	+18° to +29° C (+65° to +85° F) -40° to +66° C (-40° to +151° F)
Relative humidity Non operating Storage	10% to 90% (non condensing) 8% to 95% in original shipping container (non condensing); otherwise, 50% (non condensing)
Altitude	From -300 m (-1000 ft) to +3600 m (+12,000 ft) MSL

## A.5 Environmental Stabilization

To ensure proper operation of Digital storage devices, the SBB temperature must be within 18–29° C (65-85° F). Table A–4 specifies the time required to thermally stabilize SBBs based on the ambient shipping temperature.

#### **CAUTION**

Always stabilize storage devices in the operating environment prior to installation or operation. Otherwise, the media or associated electronics may be damaged when power is applied to the unit.

## If condensation is visible on the outside of the storage device:

Stabilize the device and the SBB in the operating environment for 6 hours or until the condensation is no longer visible, whichever is longer. Do not insert the storage device into the pedestal until it is fully stabilized.

## If condensation is not visible on the outside of the storage device:

Thermally stabilize the device for the amount of time specified in Table A–4.

Table A-4 Thermal Stabilization Specifications

Ambient Temp. Range ° C	Ambient Temp. Range ° F	Minimum Stabilization Time
60 to 66	140 to 151	3 hours
50 to 59	122 to 139	2 hours
40 to 49	104 to 121	1 hour
30 to 39	86 to 103	30 minutes
18 to 29	65 to 85	None
10 to 17	50 to 64	30 minutes
0 to 9	32 to 49	1 hour
-10 to -1	14 to 31	2 hours
-20 to -11	-4 to 13	3 hours
-30 to -21	-22 to -5	4 hours
-40 to -31	-40 to -21	5 hours



B-1

# Manufacturer's Declarations

This appendix contains the Radio Frequency Interference (RFI) and acoustic noise declarations for the wide expansion storage pedestal.

#### **NOTE**

The following statements are applicable to the StorageWorks Wide Expansion Storage Pedestal.

This equipment generates, uses, and may emit radio frequency energy. The equipment has been type tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

Any changes or modifications made to this equipment may void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Operation of this equipment in a residential area may cause interference in which case the user, at his own expense, will be required to take whatever measures may be required to correct the interference.

#### **CAUTION**

This is a Class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

#### **ACHTUNG!**

Dieses ist ein Gerät der Funkstörgrenzwertklasse B. In Wohnbereichen können bei Betrieb dieses Gerätes Rundfunkstörungen auftreten, in welchen Fällen die Benutzer für entsprechende Gegenmaßnahmen verantwortlich sind.

#### **ATTENTION!**

Ceci est un produit de Classe B. Dans un environment domestique, ce produit risque de créer des interférences radiélectriques, il appartiendra alors à l'utilisateur de prendre les mesures spécifiques appropriées.

## **Acoustic Noise Declaration**

# BA356--SA (SWXSE-22) StorageWorks Wide Expansion Storage Pedestal February 1, 1993

## **Acoustics – Preliminary Declared Values per ISO 9296 and ISO 7779**

		ower Level A <i>d</i> , B‡	Sound Pressure Leve $L_{\it pAm^{,}}$ dBA (Bystander Positions	
Product†	ldle	Operate		
SWXSE-22 SBB Pedestal	5.8	5.8	41	41
SWXSE-22 SBB Pedestal with: Seven Disk Drives	5.9	5.9	41	41
Deskside Expansion Enclosure (at	the side of the	e desk)		
SWXSE-22 SBB Pedestal	5.7	5.7	40	40
SWXSE-22 SBB Pedestal with: Seven Disk Drives	5.8	5.8	40	40
		ower Level Ad, B‡	Sound Pressure Leve $L_{\it pAm^{\rm ,}}$ dBA (Operator Positions)	
Product†	Idle	Operate	Idle Operate	
Deskside Expansion Enclosure (at	the side of the	e desk)		
	the side of the	<b>e desk)</b> 5.7	37	37
Deskside Expansion Enclosure (at SWXSE-22 SBB Pedestal SWXSE-22 SBB Pedestal with: Seven Disk Drives		<del>-</del>	37 37	37 37
SWXSE-22 SBB Pedestal SWXSE-22 SBB Pedestal with: Seven Disk Drives	5.7 5.8	5.7		
SWXSE-22 SBB Pedestal SWXSE-22 SBB Pedestal with:	5.7 5.8	5.7		

†Current values for specific configurations are available from Digital Account Representatives. ‡1 B = 10 dBA

## **Acoustic Noise Declaration**

# BA356--SA (SWXSE-22) StorageWorks Wide Expansion Storage Pedestal February 1, 1993

# Schallemissionswerte – Vorläufige Werteangaben nach ISO 9296 und ISO 7779/DIN EN27779

	Schalleistungspegel L <sub>W Ad</sub> , B‡		Schalldruckpegel ${ m L}_{m pAm m}$ , dBA (Beistehende Position	
Gerät†	Leerlauf	Betrieb	LeerlaufBetrieb	
SWXSE-22 SBB Pedestal	5,8	5,8	41	41
SWXSE-22 SBB Pedestal mit: 7 Disk Drives	5,9	5,9	41	41
Deskside Expansion Enclosure ne	ben einem Schr	eibtisch		
SWXSE-22 SBB Pedestal	5,7	5,7	40	40
SWXSE-22 SBB Pedestal mit: 7 Disk Drives	5,8	5,8	41	41
<u>-</u>	Schalleist		Schalldruckp el L <sub>pAm</sub> , dB (Belener Posit	
Gerät†	Leerlauf	Betrieb	Leerlauf	Betrieb
Deskside Expansion Enclosure ne	ben einem Schr	eibtisch		
SWXSE-22 SBB Pedestal	5,7	5,7	37	37
SWXSE-22 SBB Pedestal mit: 7 Disk Drives	5,8	5,8	37	37
Deskside Expansion Enclosure au	f einem Schreib	tisch		
SWXSE-22 SBB Pedestal	5,7	5,7	48	48
SWXSE-22 SBB Pedestal mit: 7 Disk Drives	5,8	5,8	48	48
<ul><li>† Aktuelle Werte für spezielle Ausr erhältlich</li><li>‡ 1 B = 10 dBA</li></ul>	üstungsstufen si	nd über die D	igital Equipmer	nt Vertretunge

Für Bundesrepublik Deutschland For Federal Republic of Germany Pour la République féderale d'Allemagne

Hochfrequenzgerätezulassung und Betriebsgenehmigung

Bescheinigung des Herstellers/Importeurss:

Hermit wird bescheinigt, daßdie Einrichtung in Übereinstimmung mit den Bestimmungen der DBP-Verfügung 523/1969, Amtsblatt 113/1969, und

Grenzwertklasse "A" der VDE0871 funkentstört ist.

Das Bundesamt für Zulassungen in der Telekommunikation der Deutschen Bundespost (DBP) hat diesem Gerät eine FTZ-Serienprüfnummer zugeteilt.

## Betriebsgenehmigung:

Hochfrequenzgeräte dürfen erst in Betrieb genommen werden, nachdem hierfür von dem für den vorgesehenen Aufstellungsort zuständigen Fernmeldeamt mit

Funkstörungsmefßtelle die Genehmigung erteilt ist.

Als Antrag auf Erteilung einer Genehmigung dient eine meldepostkarte (Anhang des Handbuches) mit Angabe der FTZ-Serienprüfnummer.

Der untere Teil der Postkarte ist vom Betreiber zu vervollständigen und an das örtliche Fernmeldeamt zu schicken. Der obere Teil bleibt beim Gerät.

#### Betreiberhinweis:

Das Gerät wurde funktechnisch sorgfältig entstört und geprüft. Die Kennzeichnung mit der Zulassungsnummer bietet Ihnen die Gewähr, daßdieses Gerät keine anderen Fernmeldeanlagen einschließlich Funkanlagen stört. Sollten bei diesen Geräten ausnahmsweise trotzdem, z.B. im ungünstigsten Fall beim Zusammenschalten mit anderen EVA-Geräten, Funkstörungen auftreten, kann das im Einzelnen zusätzliche Funkentstörungsmaßnamen durch den Benutzer erfordern.

Bei Fragen hierzu wenden Sie sich bitte an die örtlich zuständige Funkstörungsmeftelle Ihres Fernmeldeamtes.

### Externe Datenkabel:

Sollte ein Austausch der von Digital spezifizierten Datenkabel nötig werden, muß derr BBetriber für eine einwandfreie Funkentstörung sicherstellen, daff Austauschkabel im Aufbau und Abschirmqualität dem Digital Originalkabel entsprechen

## Kennzeichnung:

Die Geräte werden bereits in der Fertigung mit der Zulassungsnummer gekennzeichnet und mit einer Anmeldepostkarte versehen. Sollte Kennzeichnung und Anmeldepostkarte übergangsweise nicht mit ausgeliefert werden, kontaktieren Sie bitte das nächstgelegene Digital Equipment Kundendienstbüro.

This Glossary provides definitions of commonly used terms in the Wide Expansion Storage Pedestal User's Guide.

#### ac distribution

The method of routing ac power in the pedestal.

## **Battery Backup Unit (BBU)**

StorageWorks power unit option that extends power availability after the loss of primary ac power or a power unit, to protect against the corruption or loss of data.

### cold swap

A method of device replacement that requires that power be removed from the pedestal, thereby affecting other devices therein. User applications that are dependent on the devices being swapped are impacted as a result. This method is used when conditions preclude the use of a hotswap method. Normally, this method is only used when installing or upgrading a StorageWorks subsystem.

## disk

A storage device supporting random access to fixed sized blocks of data.

#### host

The primary or controlling computer (or any such computer in a multiple computer network) to which storage is attached.

#### hot swap

A method of device replacement whereby the complete system remains on-line during device removal or insertion. Activity may be suspended for a brief period during device insertion or removal.

#### **SBB**

StorageWorks building block. The basic building block of the StorageWorks product line. Any device conforming to pedestal mechanical and electrical standards, installed in either a 3.5-inch or 5.25-inch carrier, is considered an SBB, whether it is a storage device, power supply, CPU, or other device.

Order Number: EK-SMCPC-UG. A01 Glossary-1

## **SCSI**

Small Computer System Interface. This ANSI interface defines the physical and electrical parameters of a parallel I/O bus used to connect computers and devices. The StorageWorks pedestal implementation uses 8-bit SCSI-2 for synchronous transfer of 8-bit data at rates equal to, or exceeding, 10 MB/s, and 16-bit SCSI-2 for synchronous transfer of data at rates equal to, or exceeding, 20 MB/s.

## **Small Computer System Interface**

See SCSI.

## storage array

An integrated set of storage devices.

## supported device

(1) A device that has been fully evaluated in an approved StorageWorks configuration, (pedestal, power supply, cabling, etc.) and is in complete compliance with country-specific standards (for example: FCC, TUV, etc.) and with all Digital standards. (2) A device supported by a controller or host operating system.

## tape

A storage device supporting sequential access to variable sized data records.

Glossary–2 Order Number: EK–SMCPC–UG. A01

#### guide, 1-2 ac distribution unit, 1-3, 4; 2-6, 7, 9; 5-1, 2 address switches, 1-4, 3-2 avoiding electrical shock, 4-8 avoiding overheating condition, 4–8 input SCSI connector, 1-4, 5; 2-4, 5, 6 installation of SBBs see installing devices into В pedestal battery backup unit (BBU), 1-1, 2, 5; 4-3, 7; installation procedure, 2-3 5-1, 2installing devices into pedestal, 2-8, 9 BBU see Battery Backup Unit bezel removal, 4-9, 10 L blower unit, 1-3, 4; 4-8, 9 LED display C blower status, 1-4; 4-11, 12 pedestal status, 4–1 power supply status., 4–1, 2 configuration rules, 3-1 LED power-on sequence, 2–10 configuring pedestal for a single SCSI bus, 3-2 LED states, 4–3 configuring pedestal for two SCSI buses, 3-2, 5, 6M connecting pedestal to host system, 2–3, 4, 5, 6 country-specific power cords, 2-6, 7, 8 maintenance, 4–1 modular storage cabinet, 1-5 D mounting tabs, 1-3 device addresses, 3-2 P drive, 3.5-inch, 1-1; 2-8, 9, 10, 11; 3-3 drive, 5.25-inch, 1-1, 2-8, 3-4 packing slips, 2-1 part numbers, 5-1, 2 $\mathbf{E}$ pedestal features, 1-2 electrical shock risks, 4-8 capacity, 1-5 error conditions, 4-1, 2, 3, 5, 11 components (typical configuration), 1-3 description, 1-2 F slots, 1-5 unpacking, 2-1 front/rear bezel removal see bezel removal connector, 1-2 features, 1-2 indicators, 4-1 power, 3-3 power supply status LEDs, 4-2 product line, 1-1

```
slots, 1–5
status, 4–1
pedestal-to-host connection (diagram), 2–4, 3–6
personality module, 1–4, 5; 4–11, 12
power cable connection, 2–6
power cords, 2–7
power supply
codes, 4–2
LEDs, 4–1

R
```

rear bezel *see bezel removal* reconfiguring pedestal for two SCSI buses, 3–5 redundant cooling, 1–2, 5; 4-11, 12 redundant power option, 1–2 redundant power supply, 1–4, 5; 2–6 removable filler tab, 2–5 removal of storage device, 4–5 replacement of blower, 4–8 replacement of storage device, 4–5 replacing a pedestal BBU, 4–7 replacing a pedestal power supply, 4–6 replacing a storage SBB, 4–5 reshipment, 2–1 routing SCSI cable, 2–4, 5, 6

## S

```
SCSI, 1-1
    cables and connectors, 2-1, 2, 3
    connector securing mechanisms, 2-2
    device addresses, 1-5, 3-2
SCSI "P"
    cable, 2-1, 2, 3
    cable connections, 2-3
SCSI bus, 2-4, 3-4
    configuration rules, 3-4
    bus length inside pedestal, 3-5
SCSI drive
    3.5-inch, 1-1
    5.25-inch, 1-1
securing mechanisms, 2-2
setting address of storage devices, 3-3
shipping containers, 2-1
side mounted tabs, 1-2
single power supply status LEDs, 4–2
small computer system interface see SCSI
status indicator LEDs, 1-2
storage array, 1-1
storage device, 1–1, 1–2
    configuration rules, 3–3
    device addresses, 3-2, 3
    installation, 2-8
    status LEDs, 4-5
```

storage pedestal SCSI connectors, 2–4, 3–6 switchbank, 1–4; 3–2, 3

## T

target IDs, 1–5 troubleshooting the pedestal, 4–11 typical pedestal configuration, 1–3

## V

visual fault indicators, 1–2, 4; 4–1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 11

## Reader's Comments

## **Manual Order Number:**

Digital is committed to providing the best products and services. Since our manuals are important components of our products, we value your comments, corrections, and suggestions for improvements. Please take a few minutes to fill out and return this form. Attach additional sheets, if necessary. Thank you.

Manual Rating		Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor
Accuracy (correct presentation of	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]	
Completeness (adequate information	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]	ίί	
Clarity (easy to understand)	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]	
Organization (logical sequence o	f information)	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]
Layout (easy to follow subject m		[ ]	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]
Indexing (easy to locate desired i		[ ]	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]
indexing (easy to focute desired i	mornation)	L J	L J	L J	L J
Errors Noted (include page, pa	uragraph, table or figure n	umber)			
<b>Most-Liked Features</b>					
Least-Liked Features					
Suggestions for Improvement	ıt				
	Name		Phone		
Return Address:					
Neturn Address.	Title				
	Company				
Digital Equipment Corporation					
OEM Mass Storage Business	Street Address				
Technical Publications	-				
334 South Street, SHR3-2/W3	Mail Stop				
	City		State	ZIP	
Shrewsbury, MA 01545	City		Jule	Z-11F	
	Country (if other than US	5A)			
	, ·				